

PaX-i™

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PaX-i™

User Manual

English

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English v 2.89



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General Information

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1. General Information

1.1 Notice

Thank you for purchasing the **PaX-i™** extra-oral imaging system.

The **PaX-i™** is an advanced digital dental diagnostic system that incorporates a panoramic and Cephalometric (optional) imaging capabilities into a single system.

This manual describes how to operate the **PaX-i™** system. It is recommended that you thoroughly familiarize yourself with this manual in order to make the most effective use of this equipment. Observe all cautions, safety messages and warnings which appear in this manual.

The **QR** code linked to video file about image capture for the **PANO Standard** and **CEPH Lateral** is provided in the manual. The smartphone and pad which have the QR code reader application program can be used to watch the video.

Due to a constant technological improvement, the manual may not contain the most updated information, subjecting to change without prior notice to the persons concerned. For further information not covered in this manual, please contact us at:

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This document is originally written in English.

The PaX-i is referred to as Equipment in this manual.

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1.2 Manufacturer's Liability

The manufacturers and/or retailers of this equipment assume responsibility for the safe and normal operation of this product *only when*:

- The equipment has been installed by a VATECH authorized technician.
- The equipment has been installed in accordance with all of the cautions and conditions for installation.
- Genuine VATECH approved equipment and components have been used at all times.
- All maintenance and repairs have been performed by a VATECH authorized agent.
- The equipment has been used normally in accordance with the user's manual.
- The equipment damage or malfunction is not the result of an error on the part of the owner or operator.

1.3 Owner and Operator's Obligations







- The owner of this equipment shall perform constancy tests at regular intervals in order to ensure patient and operator safety. These tests must be performed in accordance with local X-Ray safety regulations.
- The owner of this equipment shall perform regular inspection and maintenance of the mechanical and electrical components in this equipment to ensure safe and consistent operation (IEC 60601-1).

The owner of this equipment shall ensure inspection and cleaning works are performed in accordance with the maintenance schedule outlined in **Chapter 9: Cleaning and Maintenance**.

1.4 Conventions in this Manual

The following symbols are used throughout this manual. Make sure that you fully understand each symbol and follow the instructions which accompany it.

To prevent personal injury and/or damage to the equipment, please observe all warnings and safety information included in this document.

 WARNING	WARNING	Indicates information that should be followed with the utmost care. Failure to comply with a warning may result in severe damage to the equipment or physical injury to the operator and/or patient.
 CAUTION	CAUTION	Indicates a situation that demands prompt and careful action, a specific remedy, or emergency attention.
 IMPORTANT	IMPORTANT	Indicates a situation or action that could potentially cause problems to the equipment and/or its operation.
 NOTICE	NOTICE	Emphasizes important information or provide useful tips and hints.
	X-RAY	Indicates a possible danger of exposure to radiation.
	SINGLE USE	Indicates a component which must be replaced for each new patient.

Warnings and Precautions

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2. Warnings and Precautions



Be sure to strictly observe all warnings and safety instructions included in this manual.

2.1 General Safety Precautions

Operator qualifications

This equipment may only be operated by personnel fully trained in its operation.

- To operate this equipment, all operators must:
 - have read and understood the user's manual
 - be familiar with the fundamental structure and functions of this equipment
 - be able to recognize irregularities in the operation of this equipment and implement appropriate measures to remedy such irregularities.

General safety precautions

- Follow the instructions specified in this manual to ensure the safety of both the patient and the operator.
- The operator must maintain visual contact with the patient at all times during imaging.
- Do not open or remove the cover panels on this equipment. Always have a trained and authorized service technician to carry out inspection and maintenance of this equipment.
- Do not place foreign objects on this equipment at any time.
- Do not place any objects within this equipment's field of operation.
- Do not push or pull the equipment. If equipment overbalances, resulting in the risk of physical injuries or property damage.
- Operators must ask the patient to remain still until the equipment arm has stopped moving and the reset motion is complete.

- Observe all local fire regulations. Always keep a fire extinguisher near the equipment.
- The operator of this equipment must be familiar with this equipment's emergency protocols.
- Ensure that this equipment is kept away from water, moisture, or foreign substances at all times.
- If this product is exposed to water, moisture, or a foreign substance, immediately turn off all power to the equipment and contact your VATECH technical support representative.
- Immediately cease all operation of this equipment if there are signs of oil leakage and contact you VATECH technical support representative.

Ventilation

- Do not obstruct the equipment's ventilation for air opening. Improper ventilation could result in the equipment overheating due to a lack of air circulation.
- Do not spray any type of liquid or aerosol on this equipment as this may penetrate the system and damage the electrical and mechanical components inside.
- Always leave a sufficient amount of space around the PC to allow for proper ventilation.

Hygiene



Always disconnect the equipment from the power outlet when disinfecting the surfaces of the equipment.

- All removable patient support components (bite block, chin support, temple supports) can be cleaned using non-alcohol cleaning solutions.
- Patient support handles can be cleaned using non-alcohol cleaning solutions.
- Other surfaces of the equipment, including the Touchscreen, can be cleaned using a soft cloth dampened with a mild cleaning solution.



- Disinfect the components (bite block, temple supports etc.) of the equipment that come into contact with the patient or the operator after each exposure.
- New hygiene cover must be provided for each new patient to prevent the transmission of communicable disease.

IMPORTANT

Do not use aerosol or spray cleaning agents directly on the surface of the equipment.

Condensation

- Extreme fluctuations in temperature may cause condensation to develop inside the equipment. Do not turn on the equipment until it has reached room temperature.

Cooling

- Allow the proper amount of cool down time (for the X-Ray tube to cool down) to elapse between each image acquisition.
 - Mode of operation: non-continuous operation (NFPA 70: long time operation)
 - Exposure time: Max. 20.2 s / Resting time: 5 min.
 - Column operation time: 1 min / Resting time: 9 min
- If the temperature inside the tube head reaches 60 °C, X-Ray exposure will cease and an error message will be displayed. Normal X-Ray capabilities will resume after the generator reaches 58 °C (136.4 °F).
- If the fan (optional) is installed, it operates automatically when the temperature surrounding the tube head reaches the pre-defined level: 40 °C (104 °F). The setpoint temperature is configurable.

Turning the equipment on / adjusting the height of the equipment

- Do not position the patient in the equipment while it is initiating as the patient could be injured if the equipment malfunctions.
- Ensure that the patient is kept clear of the mechanism while adjusting the height of the equipment.

Emergency stop

- If a problem occurs during image acquisition, press the red emergency stop button to immediately stop all moving parts and cut off all power to the equipment.

Trouble-free operation

- Never use this equipment in an environment that is susceptible to explosion.
- Always operate the equipment within a temperature range of 10 °C to 35 °C (50 °F to 95 °F) for the safe operation. Image quality may deteriorate if the equipment is operated outside of this range.
- Always allow the equipment sufficient time to warm up (while switched on) if it has been exposed to temperatures of below 10 °C (50 °F).
- Only perform X-rays of patients if the system is in full working order.
- Always ensure that equipment movement is not obstructed by the patient's clothing, a medical device (such as a wheelchair), or the patient themselves.
- Do not leave the patient unattended around the equipment.
- Remove all radio-controlled devices, mobile phones, etc. from the X-Ray room prior to image acquisition as these objects may cause the equipment to malfunction.

Modifying the equipment

- Modifying the equipment in any way which may affect the safety of the operator, patient or other persons is prohibited by law.
- No part of this equipment is serviceable by the user. All maintenance and repair of this equipment must be performed by a qualified service technician.
- This product may only be operated with original VATECH accessories or third-party accessories expressly approved by VATECH.

2.2 Electricity-related Safety Precautions

- Check the status of the power source, PC and cables prior to operating the equipment.
- Ensure that the on/off switch is set to off when the equipment is not in use.
- Always disconnect the power supply before cleaning the equipment.
- Always keep electrical cords away from hot appliances or radiators.
- DO NOT place the PC or peripheral equipment connected to the PC in the immediate vicinity of the patient.
- The equipment and PC should be connected to a common protective earth.
- Never overload the equipment's circuit by sharing it with too many appliances.
- Use the same power circuit for the PC and the equipment.

Combining this equipment with other devices

- Do not connect this equipment to devices which are not part of the system.
- Do not connect this equipment to a Multiple Portable Socket-Outlet (MPSO) or extension cord.

Electromagnetic compatibility

- The PaX-i X-Ray unit complies with IEC standard 60601-1-2.

Medical electrical equipment is subject to special EMC preventive measures. It must be installed and operated as specified in the **Installation Requirements** document.

If high-voltage systems, radio link systems or MRI systems are located within 5 m of the unit, please observe the specifications stated in the installation requirements.

Portable and mobile RF communications equipment may interfere with medical electrical equipment. Therefore, the use of mobile wireless phones in medical offices or hospital environments must be prohibited.

For more details, refer to the document **Electromagnetic Compatibility Information**.



Electro-Static Discharge

Connector pins or sockets bearing ESD warning labels must not be touched or interconnected without observing ESD protective measures.

2.3 Radiation Safety



Since rules and regulations concerning radiation safety differ between countries, it is the responsibility of the owner and/or operator of this equipment to comply with all applicable rules and regulations concerning radiation safety and protection in their area.

- The operator must remain outside a shielded room during X-Ray exposure in order to protect himself/herself from radiation.
- The patient must wear a lead apron with neck and thyroid protection during X-Ray exposure.
- Children and pregnant women must consult with a doctor before X-Ray exposure.
- This equipment must be housed inside an X-Ray shielded room.
- During imaging; the operator must maintain visual contact with the patient from outside the shielded area.
- The operator should continuously check the status of the patient and the equipment during imaging.
- The operator must immediately stop imaging if the equipment malfunctions.



As a manufacturer of radiology equipment that conforms to stringent protection standards around the world, we guarantee the maximum degree of protection against radiation hazards for our equipment.

2.4 Warnings

The following warning statements should be obeyed with the utmost care. Failure to follow these warnings may cause severe damage to the equipment or physical injuries to the patient and/or operator.



X-Ray equipment is hazardous to patient and the operator if proper exposure safety measures and/or operating instructions are not observed.

It is important to read this user manual carefully and strictly abide by all warnings and cautions stated within it.



- **PaX-i system, like other medical equipment, uses high-frequency electrical signals that can interfere with implantable devices such as pacemakers and implantable cardioverter-defibrillators(ICDs). If the patient has such an implantable device, you should be aware of any interference in its operation and immediately power off the Dental X-ray system.**
- **PaX-i system is designed to withstand the effects of defibrillation. However, when possible, disconnect the Dental X-ray systems during defibrillation since a malfunction of the safety controls could otherwise result in electrical burns for the patient.**

Lasers

- The system incorporates Class 1 laser products. The light localizers used in this product are intended for correct patient positioning and must not be used for any other purpose.
- For maximum safety, advise the patient not to look directly at the laser beam.
- While adjusting the patient, ensure that the laser beam is not directed at the patient's eyes.
- Equipment to liquids may cause an electrical shock or otherwise damage the system.
- Do not use spray cleaners on this equipment, as this could cause a fire.

Risk of eye injury!

Do not use this equipment with any other laser sources and do not make any changes to the settings or processes that are described in these operating instructions.

Cleaning

- Never expose this equipment to liquids, mists or sprays. Exposing this equipment to liquids may cause an electrical shock or otherwise damage the system.
- Do not use spray cleaners on this equipment, as this could cause a fire.

During Operation

- Never use this equipment in an environment that is susceptible to explosion.
- Do not place flammable materials near this equipment.
- Do not operate the PC or Touchscreen while the equipment is performing an operation. Failure to comply with this instruction may result in system malfunction.
- Immediately stop imaging if the equipment malfunctions in any way.
- If a problem occurs during imaging, press the red emergency stop button located on top of the handle frame to immediately stop all moving parts and cut off all power to the equipment's electrical components.
- Never touch the patient while also touching the SIP/SOP connectors.

In case of an electrical fire

- Use only fire extinguishers designed for electrical fires to extinguish fires on this equipment. Liquid extinguishers, such as those which use water, could damage the equipment and/or cause injury.
- Unplug the equipment's power cable before extinguishing any fire.

Installation

- In order to avoid improperly balanced equipment, install the device on a flat surface to maintain stability.
- If the equipment is not stable, property damage and/or personal injury may occur.
- Do not push or pull the equipment.
- Equipment should only be installed by an authorized technician, complying with proper installation procedures.

PaX-i Imaging System Overview

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3. PaX-i Imaging System Overview

3.1 Introduction

The **PaX-i** is an advanced digital dental diagnostic system that incorporates a panoramic and cephalometric (optional) imaging capabilities into a single system.

The **PaX-i** system is intended for use to take panoramic and cephalometric images of the oral and craniofacial anatomy to provide diagnostic information for adult and pediatric patients.

The **PaX-i** system uses the advanced sensors to produce the higher quality of the image in 2D of the head region, including the dental/maxillofacial regions, for planning and diagnostics.

The system includes the following software packages:

- **EzDent-i** for 2D viewing and patient management
- **Imaging software**

The **PaX-i** may only be used by dentists, X-Ray technicians and other professionals who are licensed to perform X-rays by the law of the region in which it is being used. (The PaX-i may be used for ENT (Ear, Nose and Throat) examination in countries requiring the CE marking.)

3.1.1 System Components

- PaX-i digital X-Ray equipment
- PC
- EzDent-i: 2D viewer and patient management software
- Imaging software

3.1.2 Features

- A 2-in-1 imaging solution: PANO and CEPH (optional) imaging combined in a single equipment.

- Improved image processing algorithms:
 - **Magic PAN:** A high-quality image reconstructed from the optimal auto-focused images in each segment throughout the panoramic region to correct the improper patient positioning and rotating unit's trajectory (optional).
 - **UHD:** Generates High Definition quality PANO images (optional).
 - **AF:** ROI is auto-focused to acquire more accurate images (optional).
 - **Metal Artifact Reduction:** Metal artifacts are minimized to improve image quality.
- CAN (Controlled Area Network) is employed to provide reliability and dependability.

3.1.3 The PaX-i Options

The following options are all based on the **PaX-i**.

Item	Description		Remark
PaX-i	PANO only		
PaX-i SC	PANO + CEPH (Scan type)		2 in 1
PaX-i OP	PANO + CEPH (One-shot type)	Premium	2 in 1

3.1.4 Standards and Regulations

Standards:

The PaX-i is designed and manufactured to meet the following standards:

- MEDICAL - APPLIED ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION EQUIPMENT AS TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE AND MECHANICAL HAZARDS ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH
ANSI/AAMI ES 60601-1:2005 + AMD1:2012 + AMD2:2021
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1:14 (Amendment 2:2022)
IEC 60601-1-3:2008 + AMD1:2013 + AMD2:2021
IEC 60601-2-63:2012 + AMD1:2017 + AMD2:2021
- 21 CFR 1020.30, 31, 33
- NEMA Standard publication PS 3.1-3.18



The CE symbol grants this equipment compliance with the European Directive for Medical Devices 93/42/EEC as amended by 2007/47/EC as a class IIb device.



MEDICAL - APPLIED ELECTROMAGNETIC RADIATION EQUIPMENT
AS TO ELECTRICAL SHOCK, FIRE AND MECHANICAL
HAZARDS ONLY IN ACCORDANCE WITH
ANSI/AAMI ES 60601-1:2005 + AMD1:2012 + AMD2:2021
CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60601-1:14 (Amendment 2:2022)
IEC 60601-1-3:2008 + AMD1:2013 + AMD2:2021
IEC 60601-2-63:2012 + AMD1:2017 + AMD2:2021

Classifications (IEC60601-1 6.1):

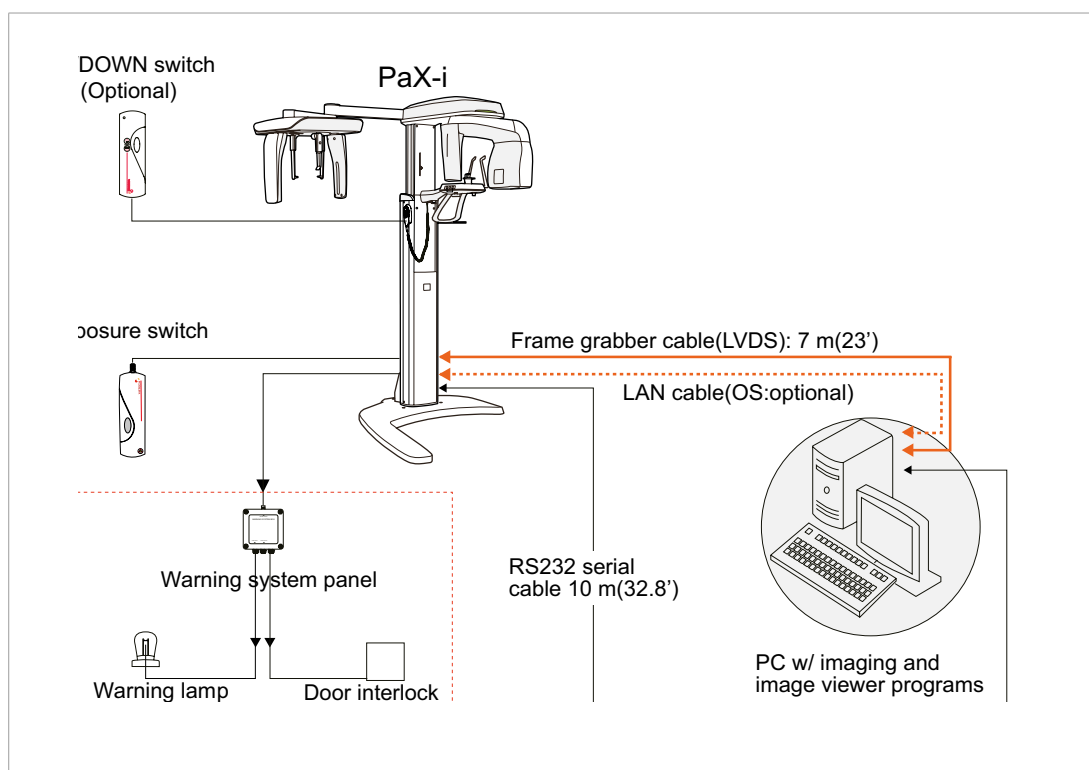


Protection against the ingress of water: Ordinary Equipment: IPX0

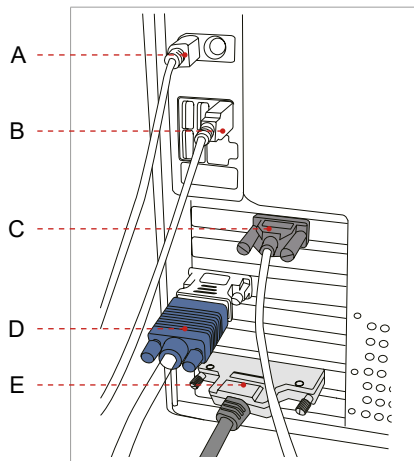
Protection against electric shock: Class 1 equipment, Type B Applied Parts (Chinrest, Bite and cover, Nasal Positioner and cover, Ear Rod and cap, Carpus Plate)

3.2 Imaging System Structure

Case A: LVDS Cable

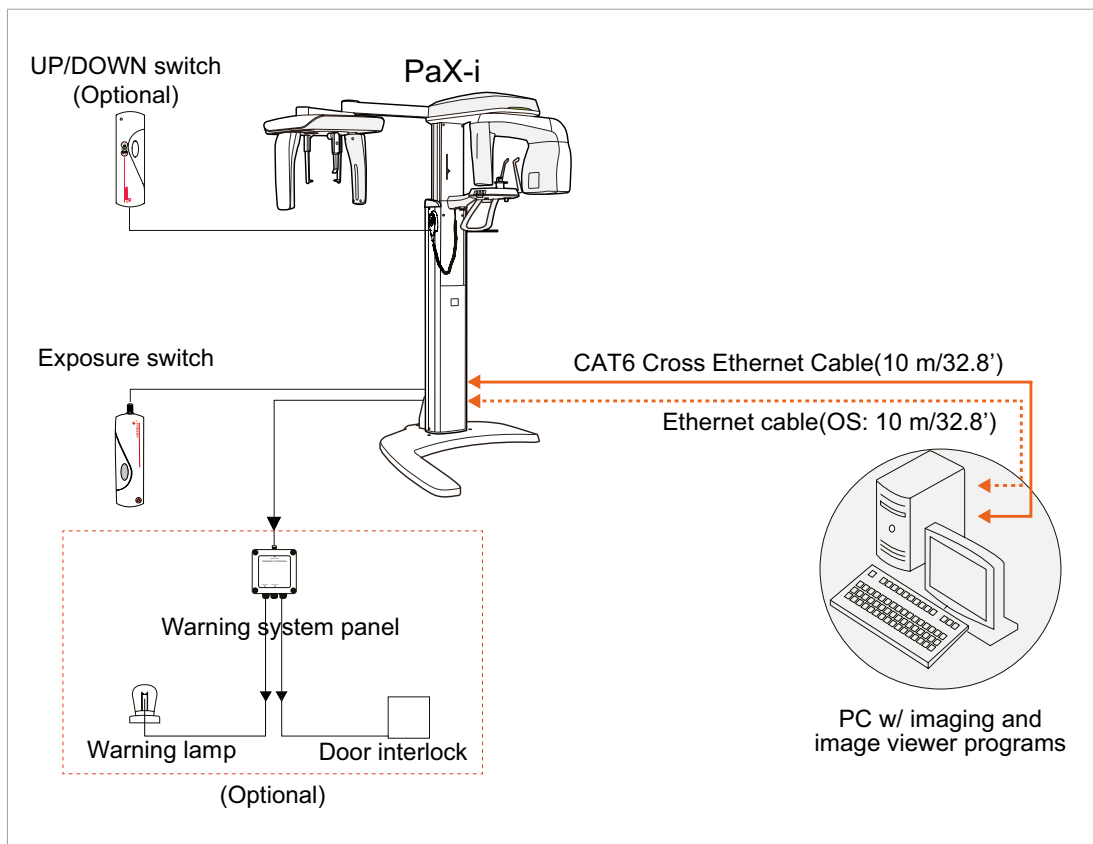


1. Signal input/output at PC

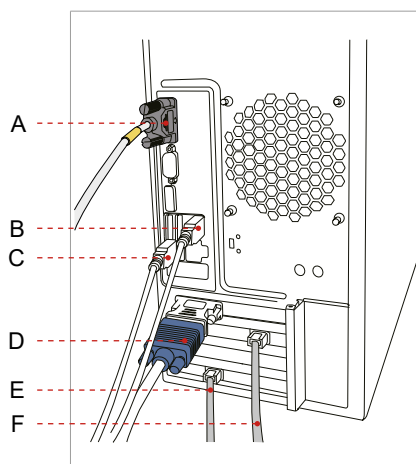


- A. Keyboard input
- B. Mouse input
- C. RS-232 port
- D. Video out
- E. Frame grabber cable (LVDS)

Case B: LAN Cable

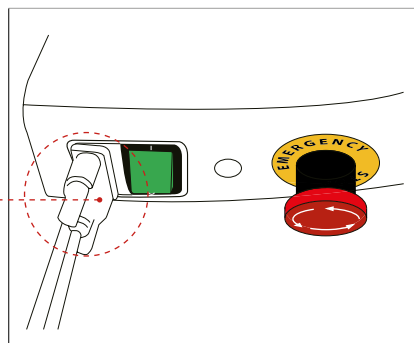
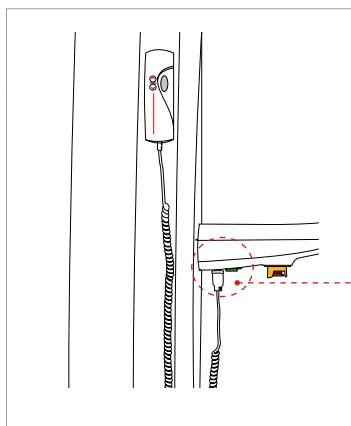


1. Signal input/output at PC



- A. RS-232 in/out
- B. Keyboard input
- C. Mouse input
- D. Video out
- E. Ethernet cable: CAT5: OneShot CEPH
- F. Ethernet cable: CAT5: PANO

2. Signal input/output at the column up/down switch (optional)

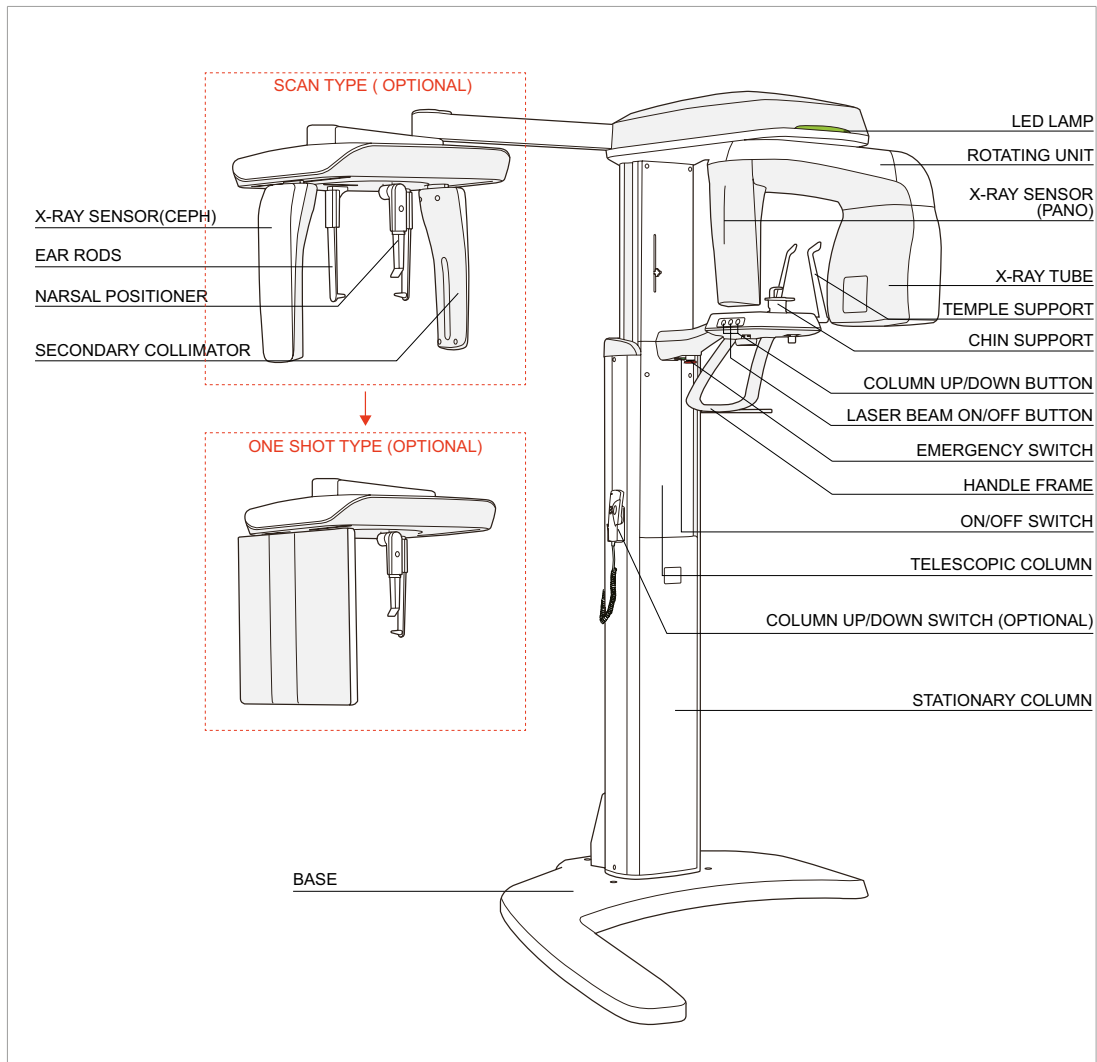


Equipment connected to the signal input, signal output or other connectors must comply with the relevant IEC standards (e.g., IEC60950 for IT equipment and IEC60601-1 series for medical electrical equipment).

NOTICE

In addition, all such combination systems must comply with IEC60601-1 and/or IEC60601-1-1 harmonized national standards or relevant combination standards. If in doubt, contact a qualified technician or your local VATECH representative.

3.3 General View of the PaX-i



Item	Details
X-RAY SENSOR (CEPH)	CEPH imaging sensor (optional) - Scan Type - One-shot Type
EAR ROD	Secures the patient's head during CEPH imaging.

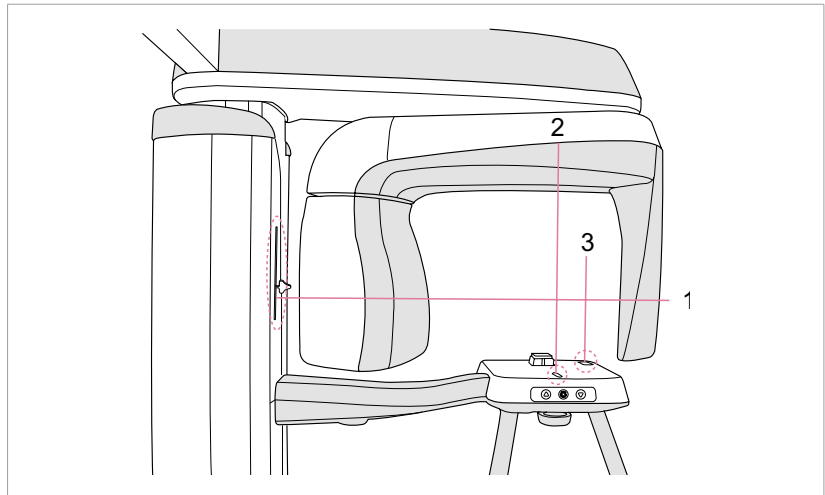
Item	Details
NASAL POSITIONER	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Positions the patient during CEPH imaging. - The ruler for use to compensate the acquired image that is different from actual size.
SECONDARY COLLIMATOR	Limits the X-Ray irradiation field for CEPH scanning.
BASE	Used to balance and stabilize the equipment.
LED LAMP	<p>Indicates current exposure activity.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Green: Ready - Orange: X-Ray On
ROTATING UNIT	Rotates around the patient's head during exposure (depending on the imaging mode).
X-RAY SENSOR (PANO)	Sensor: used for PANO imaging.
X-RAY TUBE	The source of X-Ray emission.
TEMPLE SUPPORT	Supports the patient's temples during PANO scan.
CHIN SUPPORT	Supports the patient's chin during imaging.
COLUMN Up/down BUTTON	Moves the Column up/down
LASER BEAM ON / OFF BUTTON	Turn the laser beam on / off
EMERGENCY SWITCH	Cuts off all power to the equipment in case of emergency. Its primary function is to protect the patient from a severe injury and the equipment from damage.
HANDLE FRAME	Held firmly by the patient during imaging to stabilize his / her position.
ON / OFF SWITCH	Turns the equipment on or off.
TELESCOPIC COLUMN	Moves the column up or down for patient positioning.
COLUMN Up/down SWITCH	Moves the Column up/down (optional)
STATIONARY COLUMN	The portion of the column fixed to the base.



NOTICE

The structural overview of the PaX-i may differ depending on the model. For more information, refer to section 3.1.3: The PaX-i Options.

3.3.1 Laser Beams

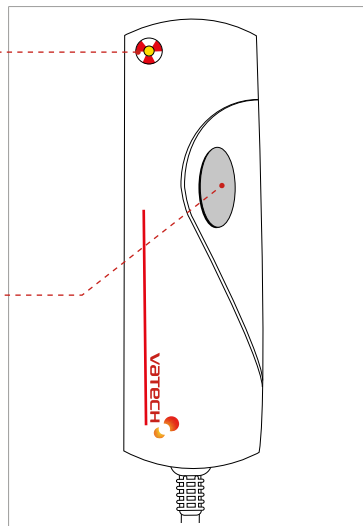


1-Frankfurt laser beam / 2-Mid-sagittal plane laser beam / 3-Canine laser beam

3.3.2 The Exposure Switch

Exposure Indicator light
 - Green: Ready
 - Orange: X-Ray On

Exposure Button



The exposure switch allows the operator to control image acquisition from outside of the X-Ray room. Press and hold the exposure switch down until acquisition is complete.

Premature release of the exposure switch will abort image acquisition. Pressing the exposure switch activates the orange indicator light to indicate that the X-Ray is being emitted.

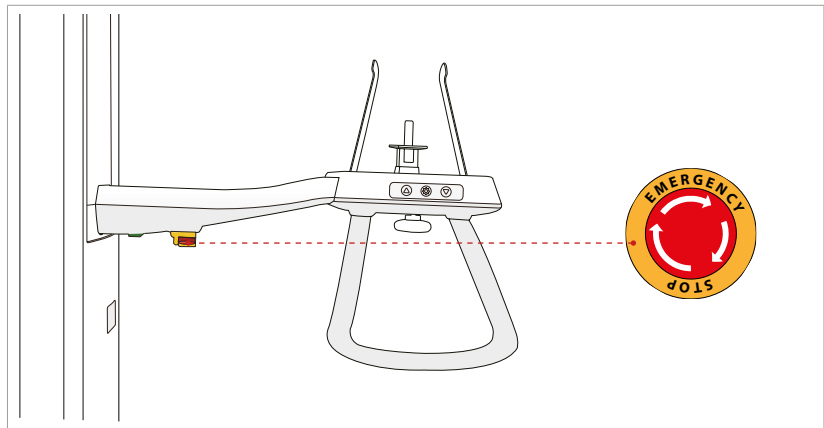
3.3.3 Emergency Stop Button

During operation, the following emergency situations may occur:

- X-Ray emission continues after the exposure switch has been released
- Injury to the patient or damage to the equipment
- Other emergency situations

If a problem occurs during image acquisition, press the red emergency stop button to immediately stop the moving parts and cut off all power to the equipment's electrical components.

To reset the emergency stop button, turn it clockwise until it pops up.



3.3.4 Components and Positioning Accessories

The following accessories can be disinfected after they have been separated from the equipment. Disinfect all accessories which come into direct contact with the patient, such as the bite block, chin support or temple supports, using non-alcohol solution and allow them to dry before use.

Accessories		Order No.
Chin support w/ bite block: Normal		M0400419 / M0400145
Chin support: Edentulous		M0400421
Chin support: Sinus, TMJ		M0400420
Temple supports		M0400835 : L M0400836 : R
Carpus plate		M0100074
Hygiene cover for bite block (single use)		



3.4 Examination Programs and Exposure Time

The PaX-i has been designed to carry out the following radiological examinations:

- PANO
- CEPH (optional)

3.4.1 PANO Mode

PANO TYPE: NORMAL

One of three versions of the panoramic imaging program will be included with your system, depending on the purchase option chosen.

Version	Mode	Option	
Basic	PANO examination / Special examination		
Intelligent	PANO examination / Special examination	AF (Auto-focus)	optional
UHD	PANO examination / Special examination	AF + UHD	optional

PANO TYPE: Magic PAN

Version	Mode	Option	
Magic PAN	PANO examination: Standard	Magic PAN	optional


NOTICE

Magic PAN: A high-quality image reconstructed from the optimal auto-focused images throughout the panoramic region to correct the improper patient positioning and rotating unit's trajectory (paid option).

Exposure Time (Max. 20.2 s)

Examination	Arch Selection	Examination Mode	Scan Time (s)		
			UHD	HD	Normal
PANO Examination	Narrow	Standard	20.2	13.5	10.1
		Right	10.1	6.7	5.1
		Front	16.7	11.1	8.4
		Left	10.1	6.7	5.1
	Normal	Standard	20.2	13.5	10.1
		Right	10.1	6.7	5.1
		Front	16.7	11.1	8.4
		Left	10.1	6.7	5.1
	Wide	Standard	20.2	13.5	10.1
		Right	10.1	6.7	5.1
		Front	16.7	11.1	8.4
		Left	10.1	6.7	5.1
	Child	Standard	17.2	11.5	8.6
		Right	8.6	5.7	4.3
		Front	13.7	9.2	6.9
		Left	8.6	5.7	4.3
	Orthogonal	Standard	20.2	13.5	10.1
		Bitewings	14.4	9.6	7.2
		Bitewing Incisor	3.7	2.5	1.9
		Bitewing Right	7.2	4.8	3.6
		Bitewing Left	7.2	4.8	3.6
Special Examination		TMJ LAT Open		6.1	4.6
		TMJ LAT Close			
		TMJ PA Open		7.0	5.3
		TMJ PA Close			
		Sinus LAT		6.0	4.5
		Sinus PA		10.3	7.7

NOTICE

 Indicates that the examination supports Magic PAN / AF mode.

NOTICE

- Maximum exposure time deviation: $\pm 10\%$ (IEC 60601-2-7)
- Standard mode exposure time is the same for both AF and non-AF modes.

3.4.2 CEPH Mode

Scan Type Sensor (optional)

Examination Modes	Scan Time (s)
Lateral / PA / SMV / Waters View / Carpus	12.94
Full Lateral (optional)	16.9




One-shot Type Sensor (optional)













Examination Modes	Scan Time (s)
Lateral	0.9
PA / SMV / Waters View / Carpus	1.2




NOTICE

Exposure time can be adjusted by resolution of 0.1 s in the range of 0.7 s to 1.2 s (One-shot type only).

3.5 Marks and Symbols

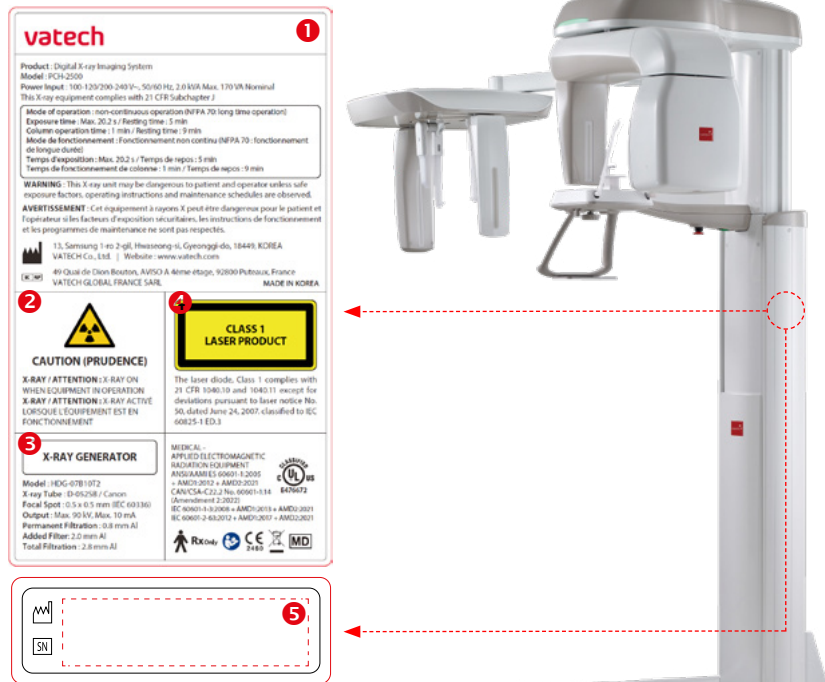
Symbols	Description	Location
	Alternate current	
	Attention: consult accompanying documents	Label
	Dangerous voltage	Power board

Symbols	Description	Location
	Protective earth (Ground)	Power board
	Off (power: disconnect from the main switch)	Main switch
	On (power: connect to the main switch)	Main switch
	TYPE B Equipment	Label
	Radiation hazard	Label
	EC representative	Label
	The CE symbol indicates that this product complies with the European Directive for Medical Devices 93/42/EEC as amended by 2007/47/EC as a class IIb device.	Label
	UL mark No. E476672	Label
	Address where the equipment was manufactured	Label
	This symbol indicates that electrical and electronic equipment must not be disposed of as unsorted municipal waste and must be collected separately.	Label
	This symbol warns ESD hazard.	MCU board/ Board package
	This symbol indicates that this equipment is classified as a CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT in accordance with IEC 60825-1 ED.3 regulations.	Label

Symbols	Description	Location
	Caution: Federal law restricts this device to sale by or on the order of a licensed healthcare practitioner.	Label
	Indicates that the user needs to refer to the Instruction Manual.	Label
	Indicates the date of manufacture.	Label

3.5.1 Label Locations

The label is attached to the right side of the equipment and it consists of 5 parts as below.



No.	Item
1	Main Label
2	CAUTION Label - X-ray / Attention: X-ray on when equipment in operation.
3	X-RAY GENERATOR Label
4	CLASS 1 LASER PRODUCT Label
5	Manufacturer Label - The date of manufacture / Serial Number

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4

Software Overview

4.1	PC System Requirements (Recommended)	40
4.2	EzDent-i.....	42
4.3	Console Software Overview	43

4. Software Overview

2 programs come with this equipment to acquire, process, and view the image:

- EzDent-i: 2D viewer, analysis, and patient management
- Imaging software: PANO / CEPH

4.1 PC System Requirements (Recommended)

IMPORTANT

If your PC does not meet the recommended specifications provided below, it may result in degraded image quality.

ⓘ CAUTION

Prior to using the PC, ensure that Windows Defender Firewall is enabled to protect your PC and data from network security threats.

For PaX-i option or PaX-i SC option

NOTICE

See section 3.1.3 The PaX-i Options for all options to choose from.

Item	Description
CPU	Intel Core i3-9100 3.6 4C 65W
Chipset	Intel Q370
RAM	4GB (1x4GB) DDR4 2666 APJ
Hard disk drive	500GB SATA 7200 rpm
Graphic board	Integrated Intel Coffeelake GFX
Ethernet interface	Intel Ethernet I210-T1 PCIe x1 Gb NIC
Serial Port RS232)	1 (On board)
Power supply	500W ESTR
Slots	2 PCI Express x 1 Slot 2 PCI Express x 16 Slot 1 PCI Slot (Option)
CD/DVD drive	DVD Writer 5.25"

Item	Description
Monitor	19" 1280 x 1024 screen resolution
Operating system	Windows 10 Professional 64bit
Recommended system	HP Z1 G5

For PaX-i OP option

Item	Description
CPU	Intel Core™ i5-6500 3.2 2133 4C
Chipset	Intel C236
RAM	16GB DDR4-2400 nECC (2X8GB) Unbuffered
Hard disk drive	1TB SATA 7200 rpm
Graphic board	NVIDIA GTX 1050Ti
Ethernet interface	Integrated Intel® I218LM PCIe GbE Controller
Serial Port RS232)	PCIe type RS232 Port
Power supply	400W (90% efficiency)
Slots	2 PCIe Gen3 x16 slot 1 PCIe Gen3 x8 slot 1 PCIe Gen2x4 slot 1 PCIe Gen2x1 slot 1 PCIe 32bit/33 MHz
CD/DVD drive	DVD-RW
Monitor	19" 1280 x 1024 screen resolution
Operating system	Windows 10 Professional 64bit
Recommended system	HP Z240

4.2 EzDent-i

EzDent-i is dental imaging software from Vatech Co. Ltd that manages patient images so you can make faster, more accurate diagnoses. The console software and 3D Viewer are linked with EzDent-i making it convenient for the user to use and process necessary images. Various functions can be used so that acquired images can be processed quickly and conveniently from the console software.

NOTICE

For more details about patient search, refer to 5.3 Creating New Patient and 5.4 Retrieving Patient Information and EzDent-i User manual for more information.

Security Capabilities

It is recommended to install and operate EzDent-i SW within a secure operating environment that allows only authorized users to access and the system network is equipped with Windows firewall built-in Windows system, windows Defender antispware tools and other commonly used 3rd party security tools and application systems.

NOTICE

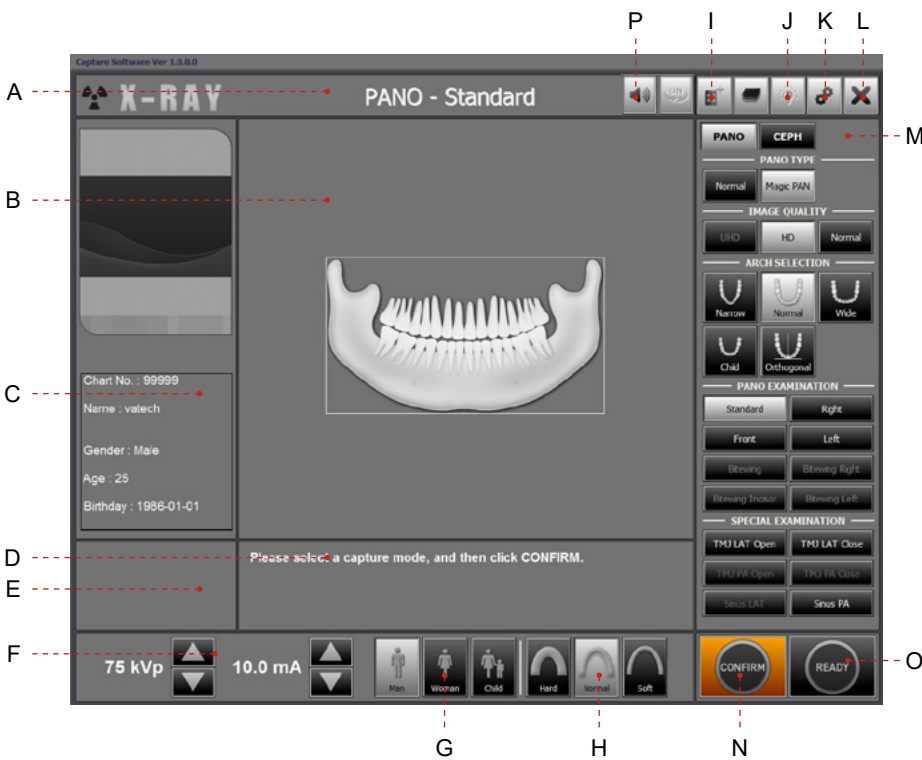
The latest updates for anti-virus software and a firewall is recommended.

The software can be updated by the manufacturer only. Unauthorized software update through a third party, not the manufacturer, is strictly prohibited. For cybersecurity issues related to the software and medical devices, please contact the manufacturer.

4.3 Console Software Overview

Imaging parameters can be set using the imaging program.

The following screenshot shows the main interface in PANO mode. For details concerning PANO and CEPH imaging, refer to sections 4.3.1 - 4.3.2.



A. Imaging Mode Display

This displays the current imaging mode.

NOTICE



- Indicates that the Magic PAN is supported in the PANO imaging modality.
- Is displayed only in the 'Standard' mode, with the Magic PAN-enabled.

**NOTICE**

- Indicates that the AF mode is supported in the PANO imaging modality.
- Is displayed only in the 'Standard' mode, with the AF enabled.
- The AF is incorporated only in the UHD and Intelligent version.

B. Scanning Status and Image Preview Window

This shows image acquisition progression in real- time.

C. Patient Information

This displays information about the selected patient.

D. Imaging Guide Window

This displays various text instructions for the operator to follow.

E. Scan Time and DAP Display Window

Upon clicking **Confirm**, the scan time and estimated DAP value are displayed in this window.

**F. Tube Voltage and Current Adjustment**

This tool adjusts the kVp and mA values or controls the power of the X-Ray in order to improve image quality. If necessary, adjust the kVp and mA values manually using the arrows.

NOTICE**Adjustable resolution:**

- Tube voltage: ± 1 kVp
- Tube current: ± 1 mA

NOTICE

For the tube voltage and its correspondence with the current patient, refer to Appendix 1: Recommended X-Ray Exposure Table.

G. Patient Gender

This displays the current patient's gender as entered in EzDent-i's patient information. If necessary, gender can be manually selected.

Age Group / Gender		VATECH's Standard
Child		≤ 12
Adult	Man	≥ 13
	Woman	

H. X-ray intensity

This tool selects X-ray intensity.

Depending on the circumference of the patient's head, X-ray intensity may be classified as Hard, Normal, or soft:

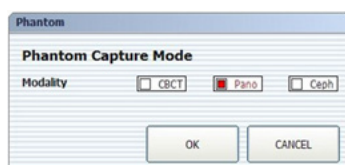
Soft \leq Normal \leq Hard

NOTICE

Age Group	Average head circumference	Range (cm)	Classification of head circumference
Child	53 \pm 3 cm	> 53 \pm 3	Hard
		53 \pm 3	Normal
		53 \pm 3 <	Soft
Adult	56 \pm 3 cm	> 56 \pm 3	Hard
		56 \pm 3	Normal
		56 \pm 3 <	Soft



I. Phantom capture



This function is used when the Phantom Jig is being used to acquire images.

Image acquisition using the Phantom Jig:**NOTICE**

1. Click Phantom Capture Icon.
2. Select the Modality, followed by OK.
3. Check the parameters displayed in the main GUI window.
If correct, click the 'Confirm' button.
4. Align the Phantom Jig, and click the 'Ready' button.
5. Press and hold down the exposure switch.

**J. Laser Beam On / Off Button**

Use this icon to turn the laser beam on or off for patient positioning. This button is enabled when the Confirm button is clicked after the imaging environmental parameters are configured.

**K. Settings**

This Control Panel displays and sets various equipment-related parameters, including language, automatic save, DAP display unit, etc.

The screenshot shows the 'Control Panel' window with the following sections:

- Tabs:** User, General, CBCT, PANO / CEPH, Align, Phantom Align, Master.
- User Setting:**
 - License:** ☒ Use License String; License String: PaX-i
 - DAP:** ☒ Show DAP Value; DAP Unit: mGy x Cm²
 - Language:** Korean; Send to Machine
 - Capture Count:**
 - CBCT: 00000000
 - PANO: 00000000
 - CEPH: 00000000
- Touch LCD Option:** ☐ Use Touch LCD
- Auto Save Option:** ☒ Use Auto Saving
- Buttons:** Save, Close

L. Exit

This button exits the capturing program.

M. Imaging Mode

This toggles the imaging mode – PANO or CEPH.

Refer to section 4.3.1 ~ 4.3.2 for the details regarding **PANO** and **CEPH** imaging modes.

N. Confirm

After confirming all settings required for scanning, press **Confirm** to apply the settings.

NOTICE

Scan Time : 0.0
DAP : 0.00 uGy x m²

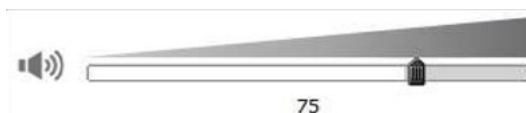
When you click 'Confirm', the scan time and estimated DAP (Dose Area Product) value will be shown on the main display for the exposure you are going to take.

O. Ready

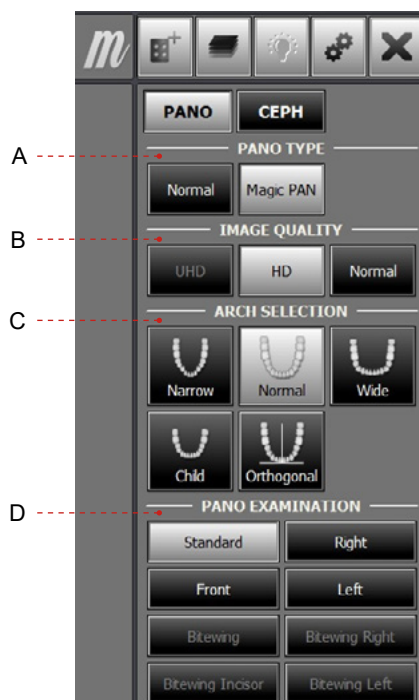
This button is used when all aspects of preparation have done for image acquisition (including parameter settings and patient positioning).

**P. Speaker volume**

This button is used to adjust the speaker volume. Clicking on the speaker icon brings up the volume control bar, and you can adjust the volume by clicking and moving the volume control bar with your mouse. After moving the bar, release the mouse to play the current volume and save the current volume.





4.3.1 PANO Mode



A. PANO TYPE

One of two modes (Magic PAN or Normal) can be selected for PANO imaging.

Magic PAN (paid option): a feature to acquire the sharper image. When enabled, the symbol  appears on the upper right for the imaging modes which incorporate this feature.

Normal: When enabled, the symbol  appears on the upper right for the imaging modes which incorporate the AF.

B. Image Quality

One of three modes (UHD, HD or Normal) can be selected for PANO imaging.

- **UHD**: Image with an Ultra-high resolution
- **HD**: Image with higher resolution than **Normal** Mode
- **Normal**: Normal image

Setting the default mode in the PANO:

The most frequently used mode among the UHD, HD and Normal can be configured as the default, which requires the authority.

NOTICE

To change the default mode,

1. Ask the engineer in your region for the mode change.
2. Re-run the imaging program after setting up the related parameters.

The default mode, if any, specified in a specific country can't be changed for the user's intent.


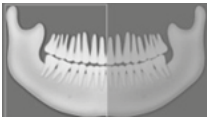

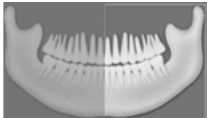
C. Arch Selection

Select the patient's arch type: Narrow, Normal, Wide, Child, and Orthogonal.

Orthogonal: Enables the image to be acquired with overlapping regions of the teeth minimized.


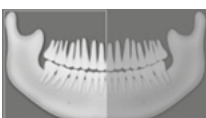

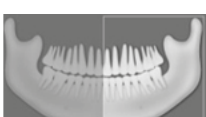

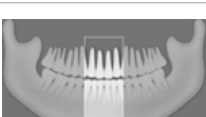


D. PANO Examination

Acquire the image for a specific ROI in panoramic mode.

Mode		Region of Interest: PANO Image	Remark
	Standard	Imaging standard images	Supported by any arch type selection
	Right	Imaging lateral right	
	Front	Imaging frontal area	
	Left	Imaging lateral left	







The following table summarizes the sub-modes for orthogonal imaging.

***Orthogonal mode:** Acquires an image that minimizes overlapping regions of teeth.

Sub-mode		Region of Interest: Orthogonal		Remark
	Standard	Imaging PANO Standard image		Supported by any arch type selection
	Right	Imaging PANO lateral right		
	Front	Imaging PANO frontal area		
	Left	Imaging PANO lateral left		
	Bitewings	Bitewing imaging	Left/Right	
	Bitewing Incisor		Incisor region	
	Bitewing Right		Right region	
	Bitewing Left		Left region	

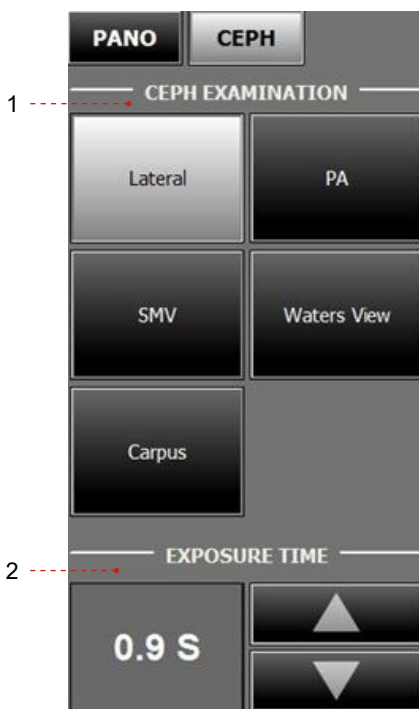
Special Examination



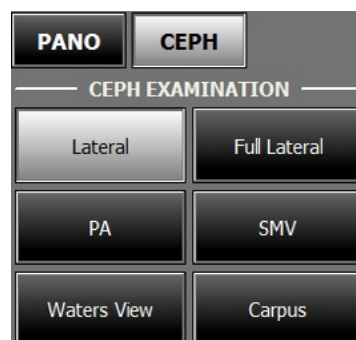
Mode		Details
	TMJ LAT Open	Takes a side view image of the TMJ with the mouth open.
	TMJ LAT Close	Takes a side view image of the TMJ with the mouth closed.
	TMJ PA Open	Takes a posterior/anterior image of the TMJ with the mouth open.
	TMJ PA Close	Takes a posterior/anterior image of the TMJ with the mouth closed.
	Sinus LAT	Takes a side view image of the sinus.
	Sinus PA	Takes a posterior-anterior image of the sinus.

4.3.2 CEPH Mode

Depending on the sensor type employed, one of the two kinds of imaging S/W comes with the equipment for the CEPH mode examination.






One-shot Type





Scan Type

1. CEPH Examination

Select the imaging mode – Lateral, PA, SMV, Waters View or Carpus.

Mode		Details
	Lateral / Full Lateral	Takes a lateral view image either partially or fully
	PA	Takes a posterior-anterior image
	SMV	Takes a SMV(Sub-Mento Vertical) image

Mode		Details
	Waters View	Takes a Waters View image
	CARPUS	Takes a CARPUS image

2. Exposure Time

One-shot Type Sensor (optional)

Examination Modes	Scan Time (s) - Default
Lateral	0.9
PA / SMV / Waters View / Carpus	1.2

NOTICE

Exposure time can be adjusted by resolution of 0.1 s in the range of 0.7 s to 1.2 s (One-shot type only).

Scan Type Sensor (optional)

Examination Modes	Scan Time (s) - Default
Lateral / PA / SMV / Waters View / Carpus	12.9
Full Lateral (optional)	16.9

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5

Getting Started

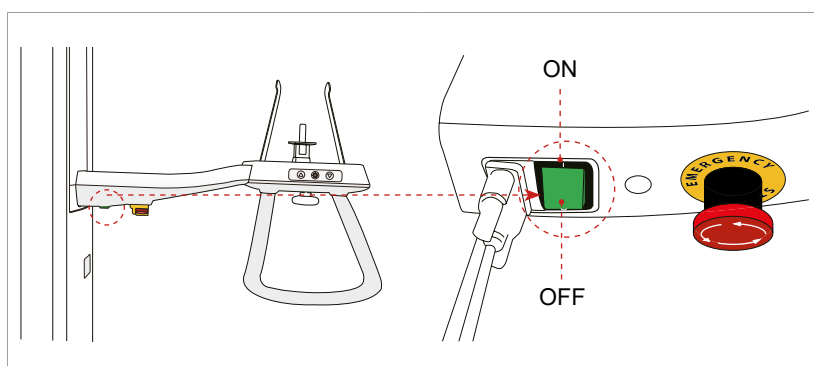
5.1	Turning on the PaX-i.....	56
5.2	Running the Image Viewer	57
5.3	Initiating the Console Software.....	60

5. Getting Started

5.1 Turning on the PaX-i

A. Before turning the equipment on, check whether the system is correctly connected and installed (check the connection status between the equipment and the PC).

B. Turn the **ON / OFF** switch underneath the handle frame to the ON position.



C. Check whether the LED lamp on top of the equipment is illuminated. If it is illuminated, the equipment is ready for image acquisition.

IMPORTANT

If it has not been used for a long time, allow at least an hour before the first exposure since turning on the equipment

CAUTION

- Condensation could form inside the equipment if it is a different temperature than the surrounding room. Only turn on the equipment once it has reached room temperature.
- Wait at least 20 seconds after the equipment has been turned off to turn it back on.
- Allow the equipment to warm up for at least 5 minutes before acquiring images or preferably more than 30 minutes for image quality.

WARNING

Do not position the patient in the unit while it is initiating. The patient could be injured if the equipment malfunctions.

5.2 Running the Image Viewer

EzDent-i is a basic imaging platform for all of VATECH's dental X-ray equipment. The Imaging Program is interfaced with EzDent-i. On your desktop, double-click EzDent-i icon. The EzDent-i main window will be displayed.

NOTICE

For further details on this subject, refer to the EzDent-i user manual.

Security Capabilities

It is recommended to install and operate EzDent-i SW within a secure operating environment that allows only authorized users to access and the system network is equipped with Windows firewall built-in Windows system, windows Defender antispayware tools and other commonly used 3rd party security tools and application systems.

NOTICE

The latest updates for anti-virus software and a firewall is recommended.

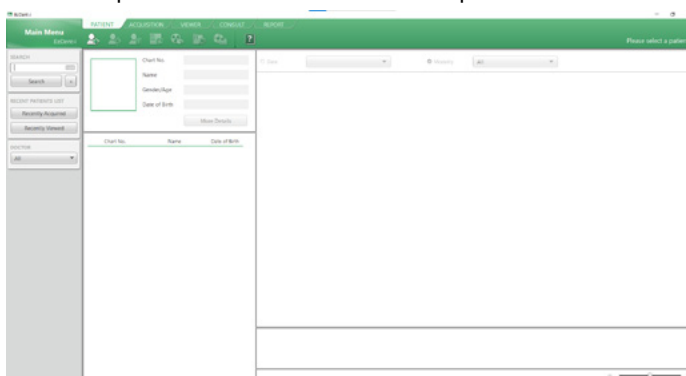
The software can be updated by the manufacturer only. Unauthorized software update through a third party, not the manufacturer, is strictly prohibited. For cybersecurity issues related to the software and medical devices, please contact the manufacturer.

NOTICE


For PCH-2500 dental computed tomography X-ray system, both 3D Viewer(Ez3D-i) and console software are being accessed through 2D Viewer(EzDent-i) SW. 3D Viewer and console software do not have the image storage capacity of its own and both programs will not be able to patient information.

5.2.1 Creating a New Patient Record

Follow the procedure below to create a new patient record:



EzDent-i's Main Window

1. Click the **PATIENT** tab and/or from the top menu. A dialog box will appear after clicking the button.
2. In the dialog box, fill out **Chart No.** and **Name**. If necessary, fill out other areas such as social ID and mobile.
3. Click  to save the new patient record.

NOTICE


The chart number and name are required fields. You cannot leave them as blanks.

5.2.2 Retrieving Patient Records

Follow the procedure below to retrieve the patient record saved in EzDent-i:

1. Go to the search box and enter the patient's name or chart number.

The screenshot shows the EzDent-i software interface. The top navigation bar is green with tabs for PATIENT, ACQUISITION, VIEWER, CONSULT, and REPORT. Below this is a 'Main Menu' bar with icons for patient management, appointment scheduling, and other functions. The left sidebar contains a 'SEARCH' box and a 'RECENT PATIENTS LIST' section. The main content area displays patient information for 'Wapelhorst Lloyd', including Chart No. 20221031_102059, Gender/Age Male/0Y9M, and Date of Birth 01/01/2022.

2. Click .
3. Check and double-click the patient record with the matching chart number or name.

EzDent - I

Main Menu EzDent-I

PATIENT ACQUISITION VIEWER CONSULT REPORT

SEARCH [] Search +

RECENT PATIENTS LIST
Recently Acquired Recently Viewed

DOCTOR All

Chart No. 20221031_102059

Name Wapelhorst Lloyd

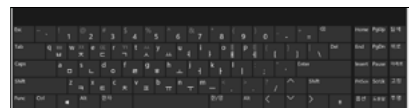

Gender/Age Male/019M

Date of Birth 01/01/2022

More Details

Chart No.	Name	Date of Birth
20221031_102015	DiResta Jonathan	01/08/2022
20221031_102059	Wapelhorst Lloyd	01/01/2022
20221031_102144	Foster Megannnnnnnnnn...	01/01/2022

You can use a virtual keyboard to search for the patient record. Click the keyboard icon next to the search box if you want to use the virtual keyboard:

NOTICE

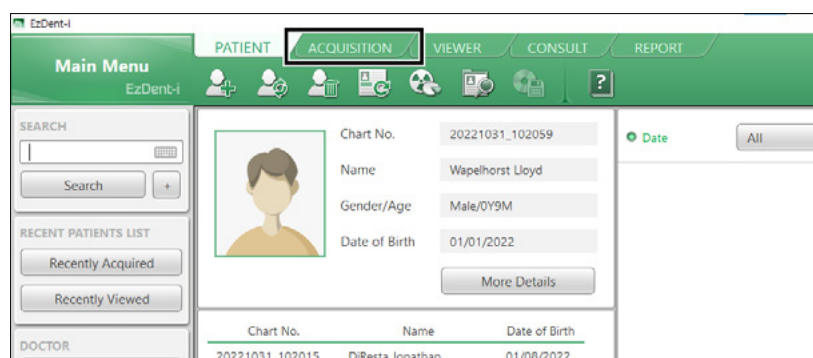
5.3 Initiating the Console Software

After retrieving the patient record, you can initiate the console software to start an X-ray imaging.

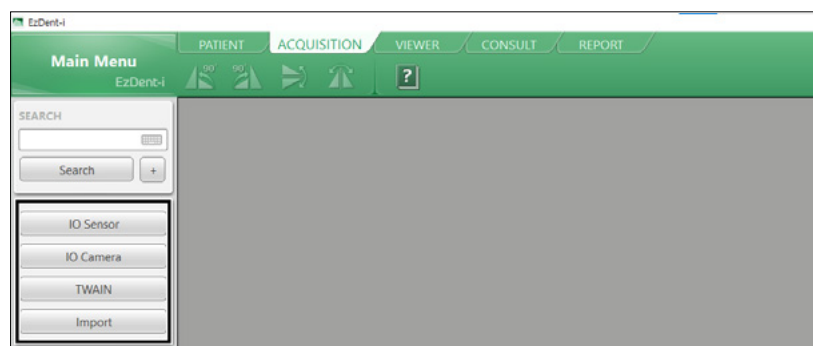
NOTICE

To take an image with the console software, you must create a new patient record or retrieve the previous one before the initialization. Please go to 5.2.1 and 5.2.2 for more information.

1. Select the ACQUISITION tab.



2. The modality options are displayed on the left side of the acquisition tab. Select the option you want. The options displayed on the screen may be different according to your equipment's image option.



6

Acquiring PANO Images

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6.2	Setting Exposure Parameters.....	67
6.3	Positioning the Patient.....	70
6.4	Initiating X-Ray Exposure	82

6 Acquiring PANO Images

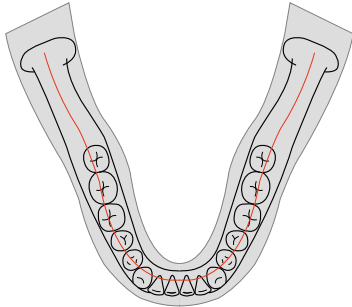
This chapter requires the preparatory steps in **Chapter 5** to have already been completed. If you have not completed these steps, please return to **Chapter 5** and complete the process outlined there before proceeding with this chapter.

6.1 PANO Imaging Program

EXAMINATION	ARCH SELECTION	EXAMINATION PROGRAM
PANO EXAMINATION	Narrow	Standard ①
		Right
		Front
		Left
	Normal	Standard ②
		Right
		Front
		Left
	Wide	Standard ③
		Right
		Front
		Left
	Child	Standard ④
		Right
		Front
		Left
	Orthogonal	Standard ⑤
		Right
		Front
		Left
		Bitewings ⑥
		Bitewing Incisor
		Bitewing Right
		Bitewing Left
SPECIAL EXAMINATION	-	TMJ LAT Open ⑦
		TMJ LAT Close
		TMJ PA Open ⑧
		TMJ PA Close
		Sinus LAT ⑨
		Sinus PA ⑩

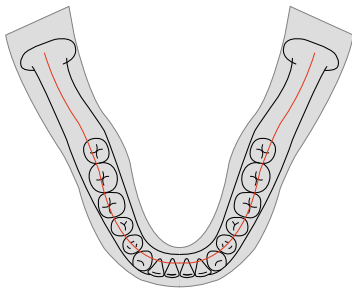
① Narrow_Standard

A panoramic imaging mode for the patients with the V-shaped arch trajectory (typically for some females)



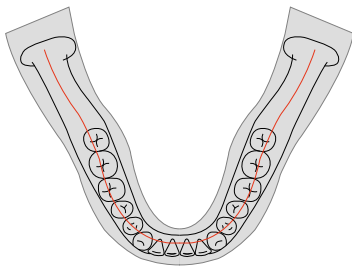
② Normal_Standard

A panoramic imaging mode for the adult patients with the normal arch trajectories



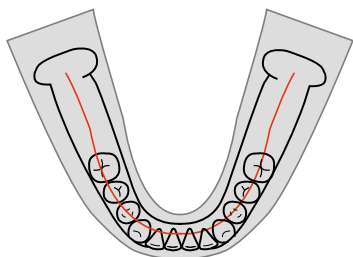
③ Wide_Standard

A panoramic imaging mode for the patients with the square-shaped arch trajectory (typically for some males)



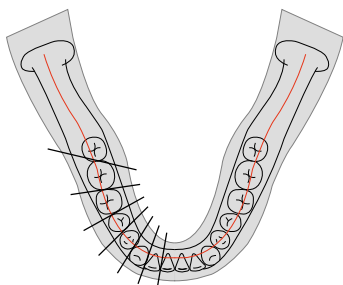
④ Child_Standard

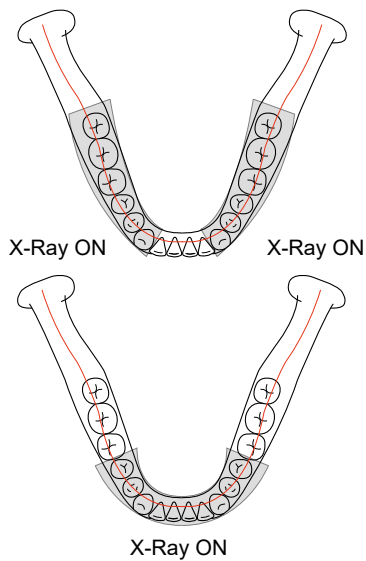
A panoramic imaging mode for the child arch trajectory, in which case the X-Ray exposure is 40% less than that in **Normal** mode



⑤ Orthogonal_Standard

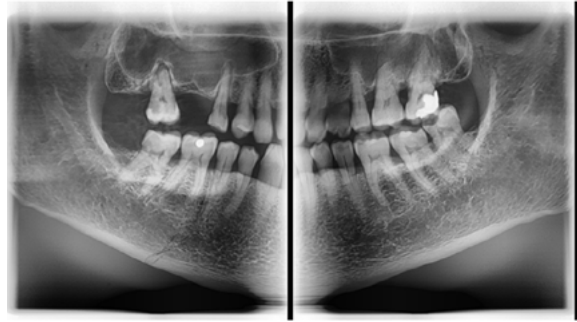
A panoramic imaging mode to minimize the overlapped region of the teeth from the X-Ray exposure which is beamed perpendicularly between teeth





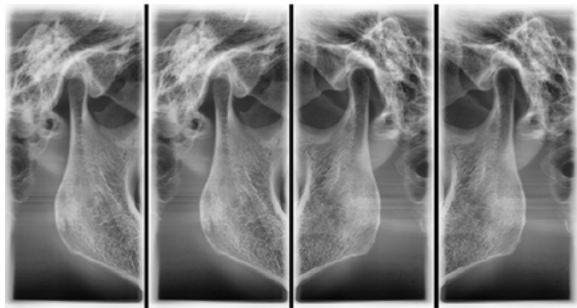
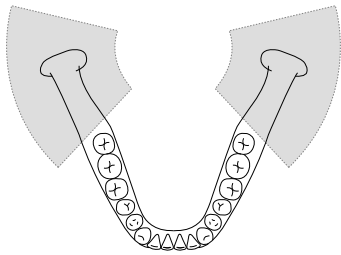
⑥ Orthogonal_Bitewing

A panoramic imaging mode to acquire an image only for the region of interest through the orthogonal trajectory: **Pros:** less X-Ray exposure than the Normal mode. **Cons:** TMJ and parts of an image of the maxillary sinus are not acquired.



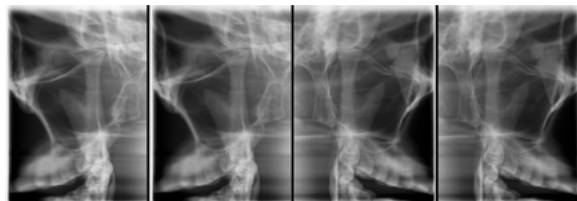
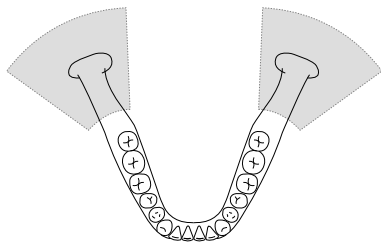
⑦ TMJ LAT Open / Close

An imaging mode to acquire a lateral image of the TMJ, in which the X-Ray beam is directed on the lateral TMJ region: TMJ (Open and Close).



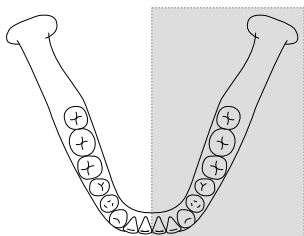
⑧ TMJ PA Open / Close

An imaging mode to acquire a TMJ image, in which the X-Ray beam is directed on the frontal TMJ, with the patient's mouth open fully and close (Open and Close).



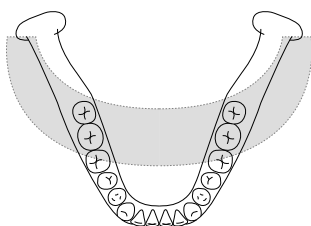
⑨ Sinus LAT

A special imaging mode to acquire a Sinus image, in which X-Ray beam is directed on the lateral region of the maxillary sinus



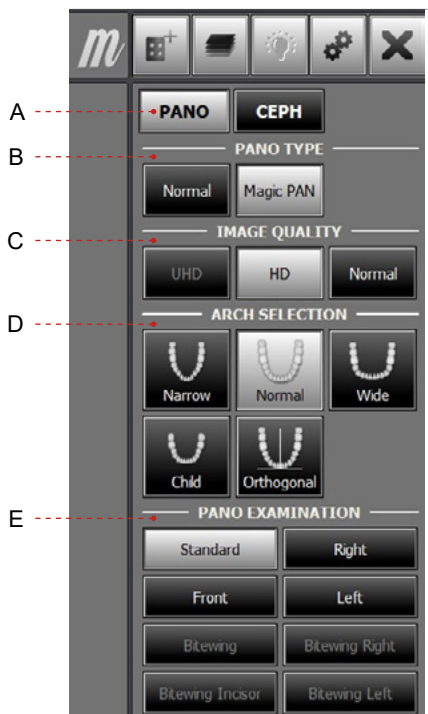
⑩ Sinus PA

A special imaging mode to acquire a Sinus image, in which X-Ray beam is directed on the frontal region of the maxillary sinus



6.2 Setting Exposure Parameters

Perform the following procedures to select the capture parameters for the specific patient and capture mode. For more details, refer to **4.3. Imaging Software Overview**.



A. Choose an imaging mode under **Imaging Mode**.

B. Select the mode under PANO Type: **Normal or Magic PAN**.

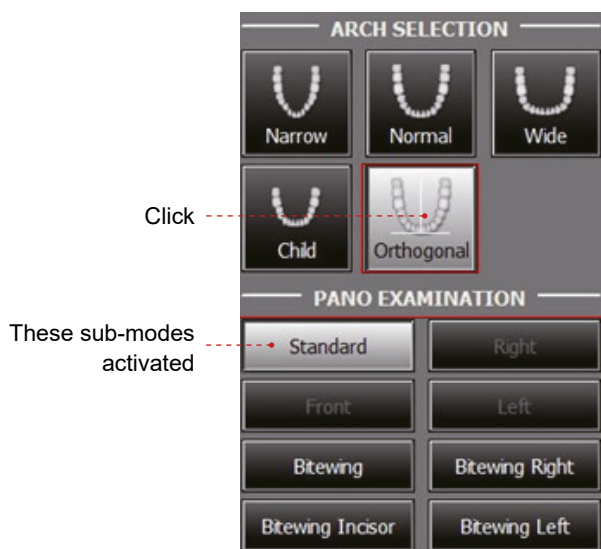
Mode	Details	
Normal	Normal image.	
Magic PAN	Image with ultra-high resolution	optional

C. Select the image quality of the image.

Mode	Details	
UHD	Image with an Ultra-high resolution	optional
HD	Image with higher resolution than Normal Takes longer scan time than the Normal	
Normal	Normal image	

NOTICE

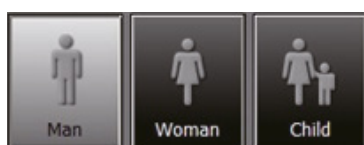
For more details about exposure time, refer to section 3.4: Examination Programs and Exposure Time.



D. Select the patient's arch type under Arch Selection. By default, Normal is selected.

Orthogonal: This mode enables overlapping regions of teeth to be minimized when acquiring images in the ROI. If the orthogonal arch is selected, its sub-modes are activated.

E. Select the ROI for panoramic image acquisition under **PANO Examination**.



F. The patient's gender will be automatically selected according to the patient information registered in EzDent-i. Nevertheless, ensure that this information is correct.

Age Group		VATECH's Standard
Child		≤ 12
Adult	Man	≥ 13
	Woman	



G. Select X-ray intensity.

NOTICE

X-ray intensity (Hard, Normal, Soft) is according to the operator's decision.

$\text{Soft} \leq \text{Normal} \leq \text{Hard}$.



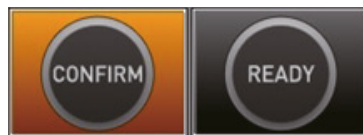
H. A default value for the tube voltage (kVp) and current (mA) will be displayed based

on the gender and X-ray intensity. If necessary, further adjustments can be made using the arrows to the right of each number.

Adjustable resolution:

NOTICE

- Tube voltage: ± 1 kVp
- Tube current: ± 1 mA



I. Click the **Confirm** button for these parameters to take effect.

NOTICE

Please wait for a moment, while the rotating unit moves to its initial scanning position.

When you click the **Confirm** button,

- The **Ready** button will begin blinking to show that it has been activated. This means that the equipment is ready for X-Ray exposure.
- The rotating unit will move to its initial scanning position.
- Three laser beams, Mid-sagittal plane, Frankfurt plane and Canine, will be activated to facilitate patient positioning. These beams will disappear after 20 minutes or if the **Ready** button is clicked.

The laser beam On / Off icons are located:

NOTICE

- In the upper right side of the window: 
- On the Handle Frame: 



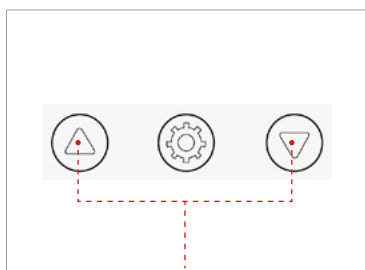
- The scan time and estimated DAP (Dose Area Product) values will be shown on the main display for the selected exposure.

J. Guide the patient to the equipment. Position the patient within the equipment. For further information about patient positioning, refer to section **6.3: Positioning the Patient**.

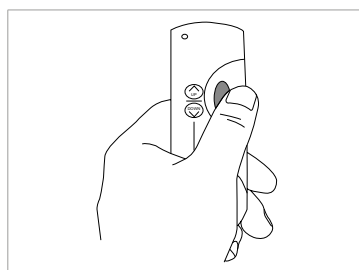
6.3 Positioning the Patient

Before Positioning the Patient

- Ask the patient to remove all jewelry and metallic objects, such as earrings, hairpins, spectacles, dentures, and orthodontic appliances. These items may cause shadow images which could obscure diagnosis.
- It is strongly recommended that the patient wear a lead apron for protection against any possible scatter radiation.
- Adjust the column height to the patient's height using the up/down button or switch (optional).



Column up/down buttons on the handle frame



Column up/down switch (optional)

NOTICE

- In general, imaging is performed with the patient in an upright position. However, a stool may be used for imaging patients with special circumstances. If a stool is used, ensure that the beams and movement of the unit are not obstructed by the stool
- Correct positioning is an important factor in capturing the best possible image. Proper positioning will reduce the appearance of the cervical spine in the image.

ⓘ CAUTION

If you don't adjust the beams for patient alignment (vertical, horizontal, and canine beams), part of the image may be zoomed in or out or a ghost may appear in the image.

⚠ WARNING

Be careful not to project the laser beams directly into the patient's eyes as this could severely damage the patient's vision.

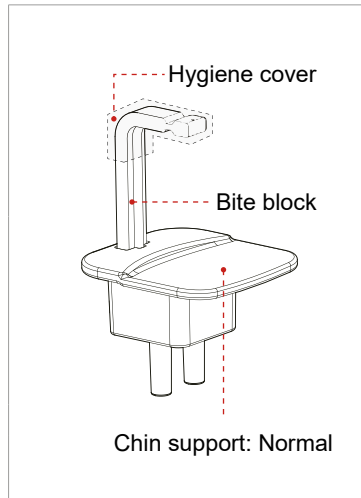
6.3.1 Pano Standard Mode

Positioning the patient



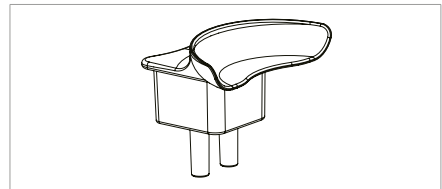
PANO Standard_ENG

*Scan the QR code for the video manual.



A. Insert the normal chin support and bite block into the chin support receptacle on the equipment.

B. Place a hygienic cover over the bite block.

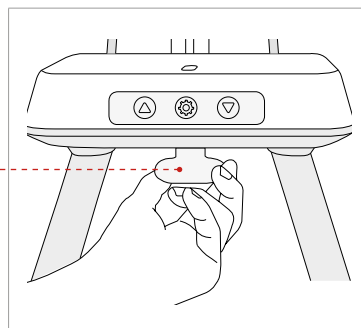


*For patients who lack teeth, use the edentulous chin support.



The hygiene cover for the bite block is intended for single use only. Always replace the hygiene cover for each new patient.

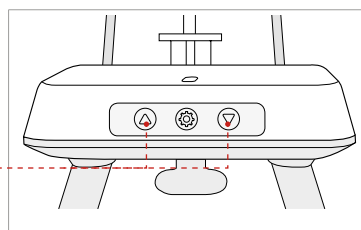
Temple support wheel



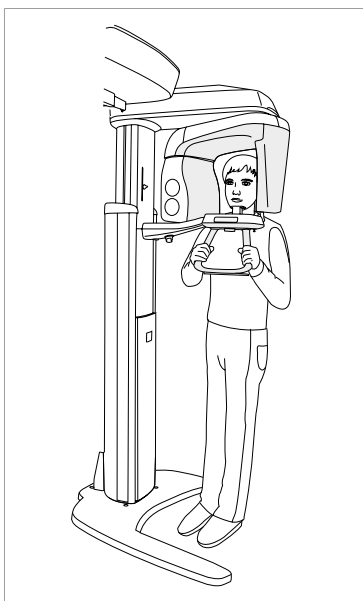
C. Loosen the temple supports by turning the temple support wheel.

D. Guide the patient —facing the chin support — to the equipment.

Column up/down button



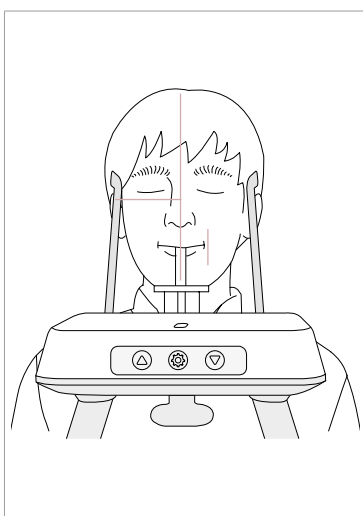
E. Adjust the height of the column using the column up/down button or switch (optional) until the patient's chin rests comfortably on the chin support.



F. Ask the patient to:

- Stand upright
- Firmly grip the handle
- Lean his/her chest lightly against the equipment
- Position his/her feet slightly forward and open stance

G. Ensure that the patient's shoulders remain level and that his/her neck is relaxed. The cervical spine should be straight and upright.



H. Have the patient bite the bite block along its grooves using his/her upper and lower incisors (for edentulous patients, use the edentulous chin support).

I. Have the patient

- Close his/her lips around the bite block
- Keep his/her tongue pressed against his/her palate
- Close his/her eyes

Ask the patient to remain still until scanning is completed.

To acquire the best image possible, ask the patient not to:



ⓘ CAUTION

- Breathe or swallow saliva during image acquisition
- Move during image acquisition

Aligning the Laser Beams

NOTICE

Clicking on the 'Confirm' button after setting the parameters for imaging will activate the three laser beams (Mid-sagittal plane, Frankfurt plane and Canine) to facilitate patient alignment. The beams will disappear after 20 minutes or if the 'Ready' button is clicked.

To turn the laser beams on or off, click the  icon on the handle frame or the  icon on the imaging GUI.

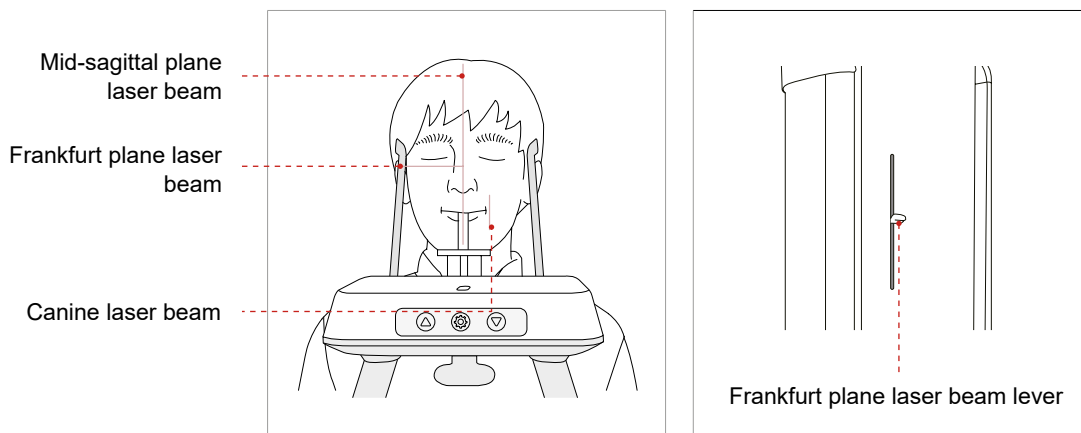
WARNING

Be careful not to project the laser beams directly into the patient's eyes as this could severely damage the patient's vision.

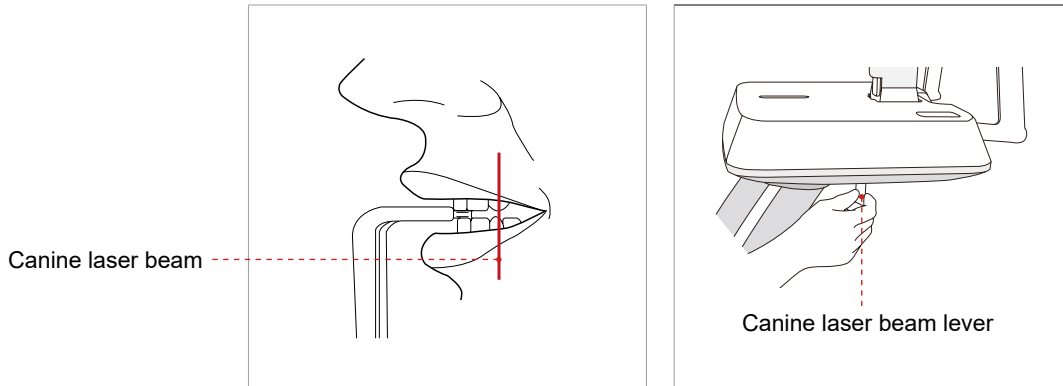
A. Mid-sagittal plane laser beam: Position the Mid-sagittal plane laser beam on the center of the patient's face to prevent magnifications of the left or right side in the final image.

B. Frankfurt plane laser beam: Position the patient's head so that the Frankfurt plane is aligned with the Frankfurt plane laser beam.

** The Frankfurt plane is the plane which joins the infra-orbital point to the superior border of the external auditory meatus.*

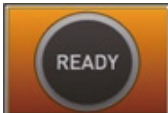


C. Canine laser beam: Have the patient smile to properly position the canine laser beam on the center of the patient's canine tooth.



Completing Patient Positioning

A. After confirming patient positioning and beam alignment, adjust the temple supports to fit snugly on both sides of the patient's head using the temple support wheel. The temple support wheel is located underneath the patient support rest.



B. Click the **Ready** button on the GUI or Touchscreen after the patient has been properly positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point. The rotating unit will then move into position for imaging.

C. Proceed to section **6.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure**.

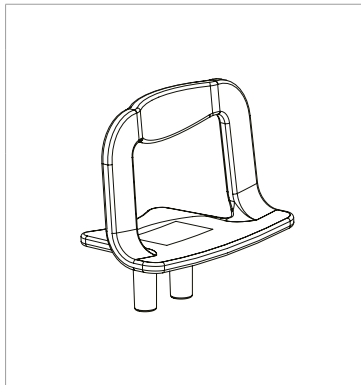
6.3.2 TMJ Open Mode

There are two TMJ sub-modes: **TMJ Open** and **TMJ Close**. Scan a TMJ Open image first and then scan a TMJ Close image. To prepare and position the patient, follow the process outlined below.

NOTICE

- **Correct positioning is an important factor for image capturing. Proper positioning will reduce the appearance of the cervical spine in the reconstructed image.**
- **For a child with a large head circumference, Man/Woman mode may be selected instead of Child.**

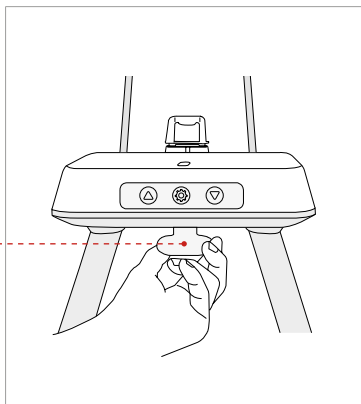
Positioning the patient



A. Insert the TMJ chin support.

CAUTION

Disinfect the chin support using non-alcohol cleaning solution and wipe away all residues with a dry cloth before proceeding any further.



Temple support wheel

B. Loosen the temple Supports by turning the temple support wheel.

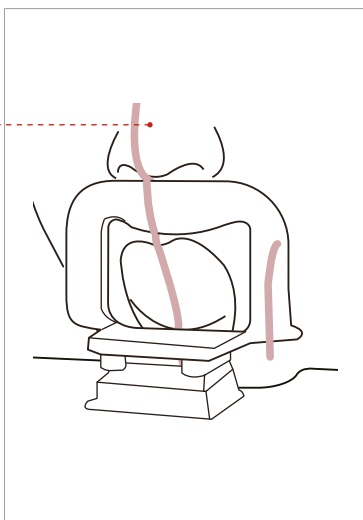
C. Guide the patient —facing the chin support — to the equipment.

D. Adjust the height of the equipment using the column up/down button or switch (optional) until the patient's chin is resting on the chin support. Ensure that the chin is in contact with the chin support.

E. Ask the patient to:

- Stand upright
- Firmly grip the handle
- Lean his/her chest lightly against the equipment
- Position his/her feet slightly forward.

Patient position with
chin support



F. For **TMJ Open** imaging, have the patient:

- Open his/her mouth as wide as possible
- Keep his/her tongue positioned towards the palate
- Breathe through his/her nose
- Close his/her eyes.

Be careful the chin not to touch any part of the equipment.

The top of the TMJ support and the patient's acanthion point must remain in contact at all times during exposure.

G. Ensure that the patient's shoulders remain level and that his/her neck is relaxed. The cervical spine should be straight and upright. Ask the patient to remain still until scanning is complete.

To acquire the best image possible, ask the patient not to:





- Breathe or swallow saliva during image acquisition
- Move during image acquisition

Aligning the Laser Beams



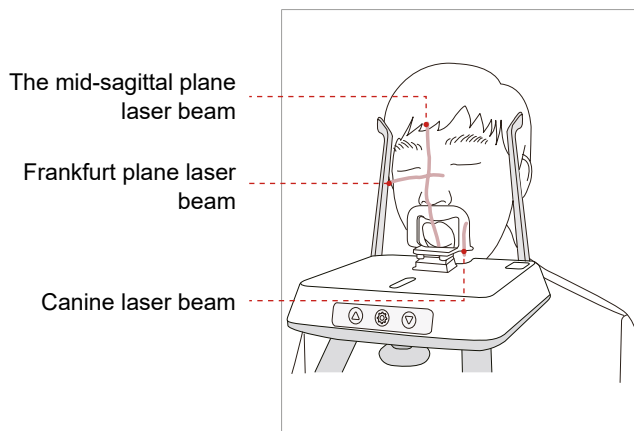
Clicking on the 'Confirm' button after setting the parameters for imaging will activate the three laser beams (The mid-sagittal plane, Frankfurt plane and Canine) to facilitate patient alignment. The beams will disappear after 20 minutes or if the 'Ready' button is clicked.

To turn the laser beams on or off, click the  icon on the handle frame or the  icon on the imaging GUI.



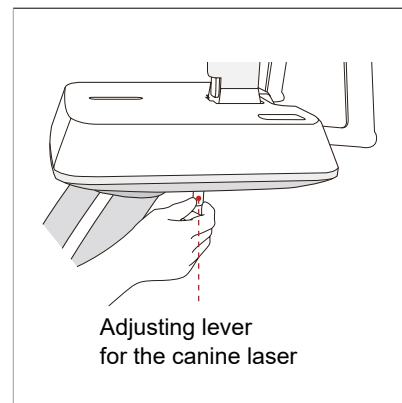
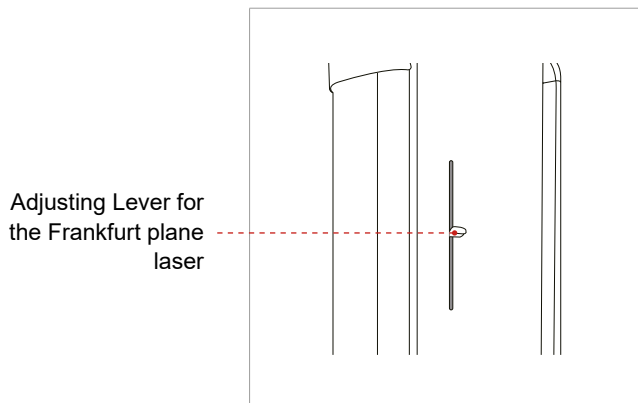
Be careful not to project the laser beams directly into the patient's eyes as this could severely damage the patient's vision.

A. Mid-sagittal plane laser beam: Position the Mid-sagittal plane laser beam at the center of the patient's face to prevent magnifications of the left or right side in the final image.



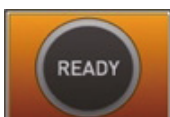
B. Frankfurt plane laser beam: Position the patient's head so that the Frankfurt plane is aligned with the Frankfurt plane laser beam.

C. Canine laser beam: Position the canine laser beam on the left corner of the patient's lips.



Completing Patient Positioning

A. After confirming patient positioning and beam alignment, adjust the temple supports to fit snugly on both sides of the patient's head using the temple support wheel. The temple support wheel is located underneath the patient support rest.



B. Click the **Ready** button on the GUI or Touchscreen after the patient has been properly positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point. The rotating unit will then move into position for imaging.

C. Proceed to section **6.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure**.

6.3.3 TMJ Close Mode

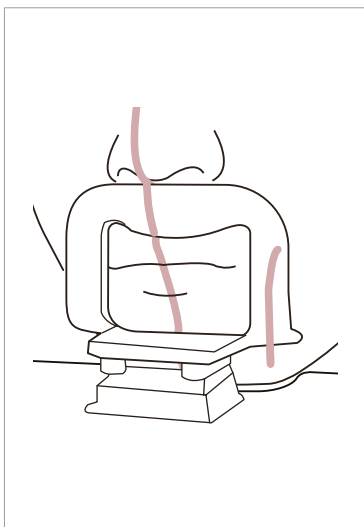
NOTICE

Scan a **TMJ Open** image first and then scan a **TMJ Close** image. Guide the patient to close his / her lips for **TMJ Close** imaging while maintaining the same position used for **TMJ Open** imaging.

The positions are the same for both modes, except for the position of the lips.

A. Shortly after **TMJ Open** imaging has been completed, you will receive the following message:

“Do you want to take the **TMJ Close** image continuously?” Press the **OK** button to capture a **TMJ Close** image.



B. For **TMJ Close** imaging, Have the patient:

- Close his/her mouth
- Keep his/her tongue pressed against his/her palate
- Close his/her eyes

The top of the **TMJ** support must remain in contact with the patient's acanthion point during exposure.

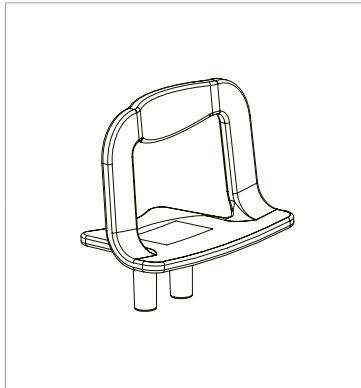
Ask the patient to remain still until scanning is complete.

C. The laser beams should be aligned in the same way as for **TMJ Open** imaging.

D. Proceed to section **6.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure**.

6.3.4 Sinus Mode

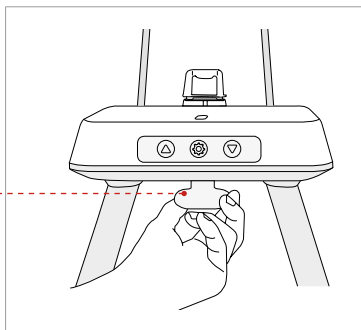
Positioning the Patient



A. Insert the chin support (Sinus) into the receptacle on the equipment.

ⓘ CAUTION

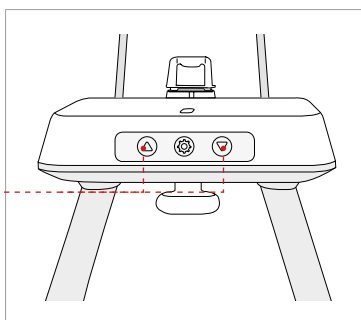
Disinfect the chin support using non-alcohol cleaning solution and wipe away all residues with a dry cloth before proceeding any further.



Temple support wheel

B. Loosen the temple supports by turning the temple support wheel.

C. Guide the patient —facing the chin support — to the equipment. Have the patient stand upright in the center of the equipment.



Column up/down button

D. Adjust the height of the equipment using the column up/down button or switch (optional) until the patient's chin rests comfortably on the chin support.

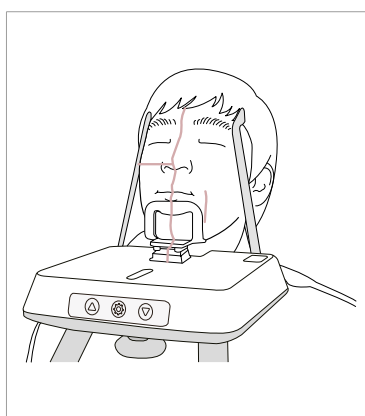
E. Ask the patient to:

- Stand upright
- Firmly grip the handle
- Lean his/her chest lightly against the equipment
- Position his/her feet slightly forward.



F. Ask the patient to press his/her lips against the chin support.

G. Ensure that the patient's shoulders remain level and that his/her neck is relaxed. The cervical spine should be straight and upright.



H. Have the patient:

- Tilt his/her head back by 10-15°
- Close his/her mouth
- Keep his/her tongue pressed against his/her palate
- Close his/her eyes

Ask the patient to remain still until scanning is completed.

To acquire the best image possible, ask the patient not to:



ⓘ CAUTION

- Breathe or swallow saliva during image acquisition
- Move during image acquisition

Aligning the Laser Beams

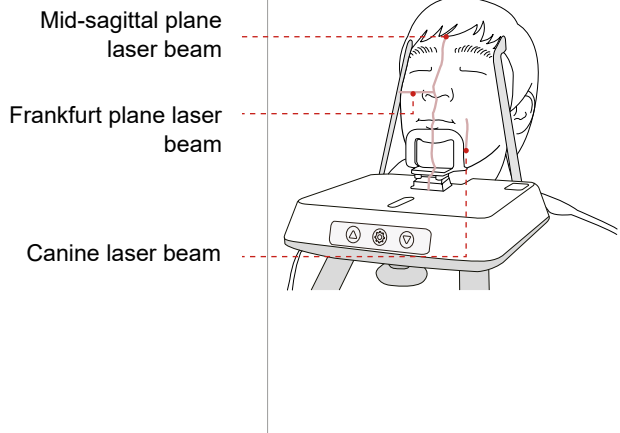
NOTICE

Clicking on the 'Confirm' button after setting the parameters for imaging will activate the three laser beams (Mid-sagittal plane, Frankfurt plane and Canine) to facilitate patient alignment. The beams will disappear after 20 minutes or if the 'Ready' button is clicked.

To turn the laser beams on or off, click the  icon on the handle frame or the  icon on the imaging GUI.



Be careful not to project the laser beams directly into the patient's eyes as this could severely damage the patient's vision.

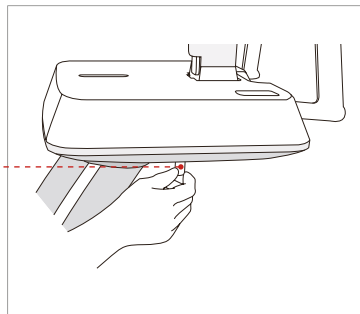


A. Mid-sagittal plane laser beam: Position the Mid-sagittal plane laser beam at the center of the patient's face to prevent magnifications of the left or right side in the final image.

B. Frankfurt plane laser beam: The Frankfurt plane laser beam should go from the top of the ear to the tip of the nose when the patient's head is tilted back 10 – 15°.

You may adjust the Frankfurt plane laser beam by manually adjusting the Frankfurt plane laser beam lever.

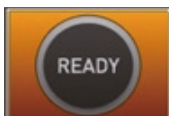
Adjusting lever for the canine



C. Canine laser beam: Have the patient smile to properly position the canine laser beam on the center of the patient's canine tooth.

Completing Patient Positioning

A. After confirming patient positioning and beam alignment, adjust the temple supports to fit snugly on both sides of the patient's head using the temple support wheel. The temple support wheel is located underneath the patient support rest.



B. Click the **Ready** button on the PC or Touchscreen after the patient has been properly positioned. At this point, X-Ray will not be emitted. The rotating unit will move to position for imaging.

C. Proceed to section **6.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure**.

6.4 Initiating X-Ray Exposure

The X-Ray exposure method and its sequences are the same for PANO Standard and PANO Special modes. The example used in this manual is the PANO Standard mode.

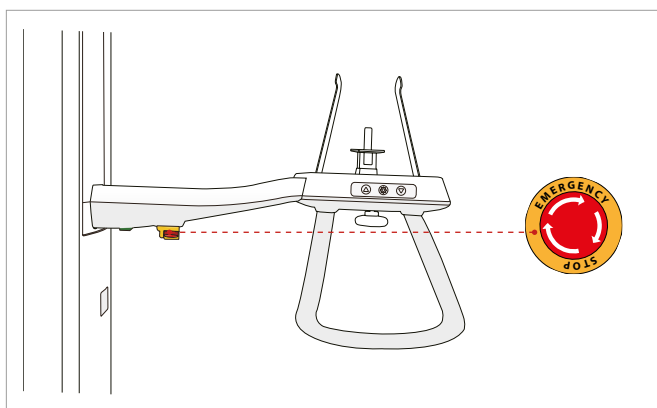
To emit the X-ray, perform the following procedure.

If a problem occurs during image acquisition, press the red emergency stop button to immediately stop all moving parts and cut off all power to the equipment's electrical components. You may then safely release the patient from the equipment.

To reset this button, turn it clockwise until it pops up.



WARNING



WARNING

- Do not operate the PC during exposure. Failure to comply with this instruction may cause the system to malfunction.
- The operator shall observe the X-Ray safety regulations applicable to their area at all times during the operation of this equipment.

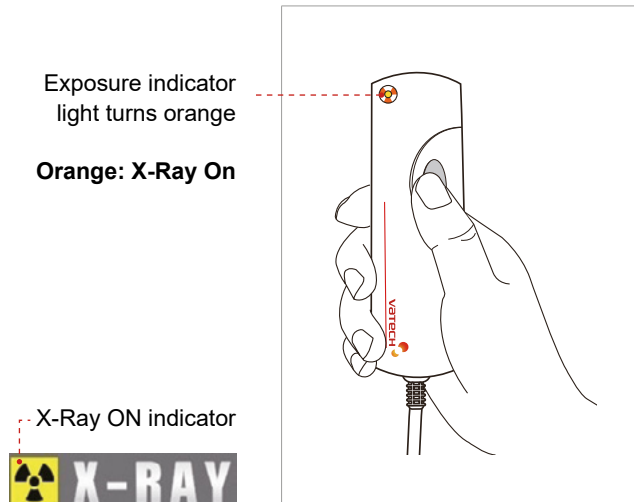


CAUTION

If an emergency occurs during image acquisition, release the exposure switch to cease X-Ray emission.

A. Leave the X-Ray room and close the door. The operator must visually monitor the patient at all times during image acquisition.

B. Press and hold down the exposure switch until image acquisition is complete.

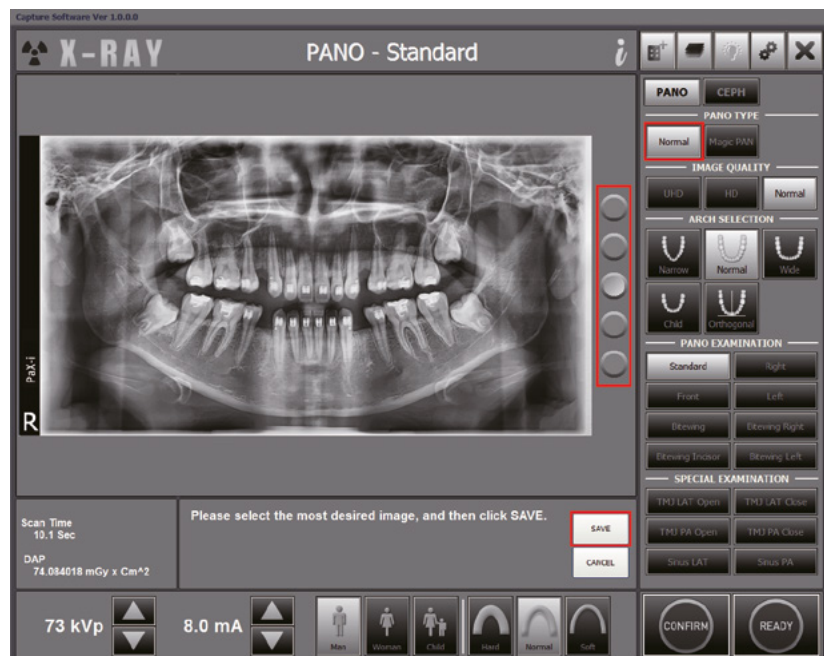


During X-Ray irradiation, ensure that

- The LED lamp on top of the equipment turns orange to indicate X-Ray emission.
- The warning lamp outside the X-Ray room turns on.
- The sound (beep or music: optional) goes off.
- The radiation symbol on the upper left corner of GUI turns yellow to indicate X-Rays are being emitted.

C. The image appears in real time on the imaging GUI.

CASE 1: Normal / AF




Normal / AF: 5 images view is set

To display an image at a time on the screen, either one can be used: clicking the radio button or scrolling the mouse wheel. When clicked on the **Save** button, the current image is saved.

With AF feature enabled, the best image of the 2 or 5 images taken can be saved.

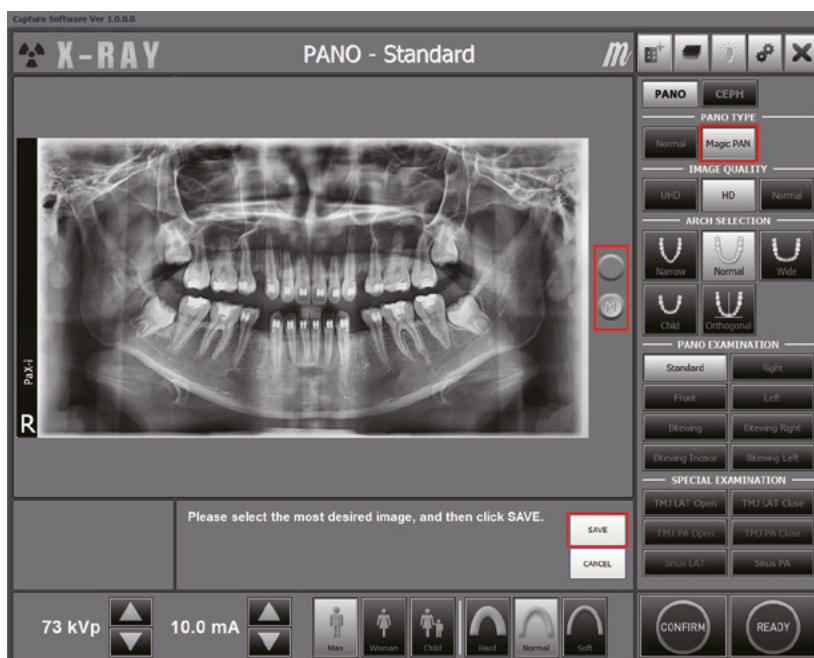
NOTICE

This option can be selected by the user from the settings screen by following the process below: Settings () → PANO / CEPH → Multi focusing setting: Select 2 or 5 images → Save.

NOTICE

If, for a single image view, the automatic save as a default is selected, the captured image will be saved automatically.

CASE 2: Magic PAN



Two images are obtained, with each in the **Magic PAN** and **Normal** respectively. You would click either button to compare them with each other.

The buttons:



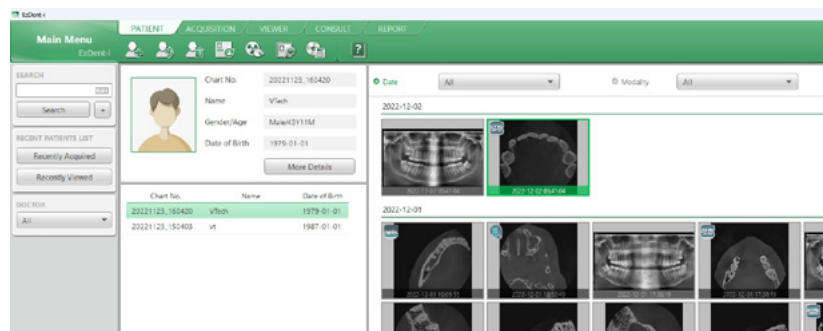
Normal



Magic PAN

D. Click the **Save** button to save the image.

E. The captured image will be automatically transferred to EzDent-i. Clicking the patient's name in the patient list after imaging will refresh the image list for that patient. The patient's most recent image will appear on the far left of the image window, as shown below.



F. Double-click an image to enlarge it for viewing or to check the quality of the image, as shown below.



After Image Acquisition

After acquiring the image, complete the following steps:

- Loosen the temple supports to release the patient.
- Remove the hygiene cover from the bite block (for **Standard PANO** mode only).

7

Acquiring CEPH Images

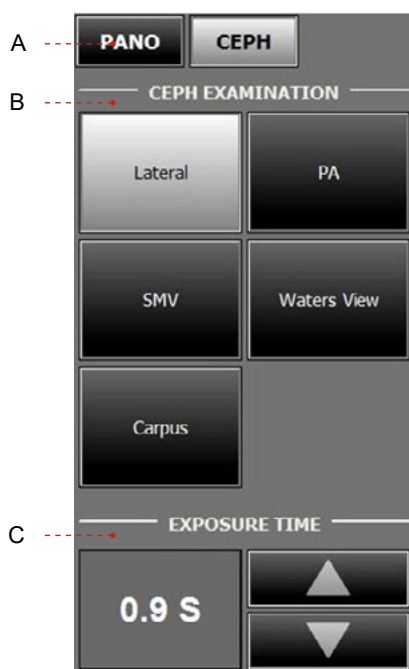
7.1	Setting the Exposure Parameters.....	88
7.2	Positioning the Patient.....	91
7.3	Initiating X-Ray Exposure	100

7 Acquiring CEPH Images

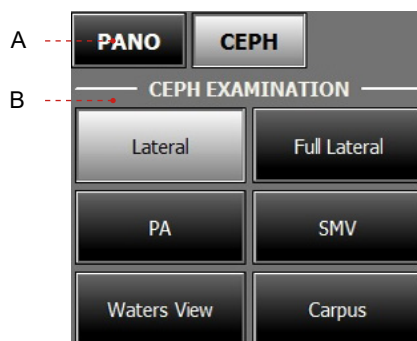
7.1 Setting the Exposure Parameters

Perform the following procedures to set the exposure parameters for the specific patient and capture mode (for more details about CEPH imaging, refer to section 4.3.2: **CEPH Mode**).

Depending on the sensor type employed, one of two kinds of imaging S/W comes with the equipment for the CEPH mode examination.



One-shot type sensor



Scan type sensor

A. Click the **CEPH** button.

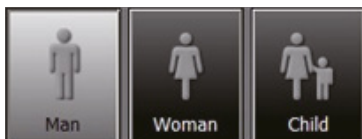
B. Select the scanning mode under **CEPH Examination**. – **Lateral, PA, SMV, Waters View, Carpus**.

C. **Exposure time**

Exposure time can be adjusted by resolution of 0.1 s in the range of 0.7 s to 1.2 s (One-shot type only).

NOTICE

For information regarding the exposure time of each CEPH imaging mode, refer to the section '3.4.2 CEPH mode'.

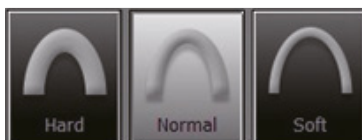


D. The gender and age of the patient are automatically selected according to 's patient information. Nevertheless, ensure that this information is correct.

Age Group		VATECH's Standard
Adult	Child	≤ 12
	Man	≥ 13
	Woman	

NOTICE

A Child is defined as a person who is younger than 12 years old. If Child is selected, the image size and exposure dose are automatically reduced.



E. Select X-ray intensity.

NOTICE

X-ray intensity (Hard, Normal, Soft) is according to the operator's decision.

$\text{Soft} \leq \text{Normal} \leq \text{Hard}$



F. Default values for the tube voltage (kVp) and current (mA) will be displayed based

on the patient's gender and X-ray intensity. If necessary, you may manually adjust these values using the arrows to the right of each value.

NOTICE

Adjustable resolution:

- Tube voltage: ± 1 kVp
- Tube current: ± 1 mA



G. Click **Confirm** to accept the parameters.

When you click **Confirm** button:

- The **Ready** button will begin blinking to show that it is activated. This means that the equipment is ready for X-Ray exposure.
- The CEPH sensor and the 2nd collimator enter positioning mode.



Scan Time : 0.0
DAP : 0.00 uGy x m²

- The scan time and estimated DAP (Dose Area Product) value are shown on the main display for the intended exposure.

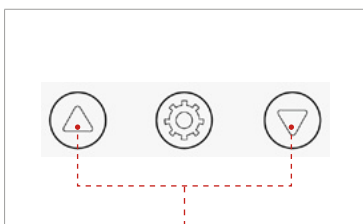
H. Guide the patient to the equipment. Refer to section **7.3: Positioning the Patient**.

7.2 Positioning the Patient

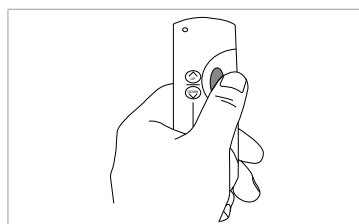
Follow the procedure below to prepare and position the patient for CEPH imaging.

Before Positioning the Patient

- Ask the patient to remove all jewelry and metallic objects, such as earrings, hairpins, spectacles, dentures, and orthodontic appliances. These items may cause shadow images that could impede diagnosis.
- It is strongly recommended that the patient wear a lead apron for protection against any possible scatter radiation.
- Adjust the column height to the patient's height using the up/down button or switch (optional).



Column up/down buttons on the handle frame



Column up/down switch (optional)

NOTICE

Correct positioning is an important factor in capturing the best possible image.

CAUTION

Ensure that the nasal positioner left unfolded, before adjusting the ear rods in the proper direction.

WARNING

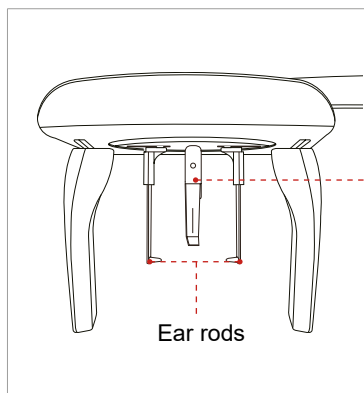
Ensure that the patient is clear of all moving parts while adjusting the height of the equipment.

7.2.1 Lateral Mode

Follow the procedure below to position the patient.



*Scan the QR code for the video manual.

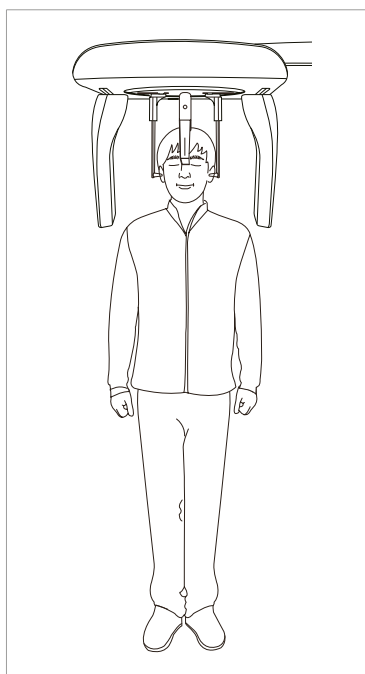


A. Widen the distance between the two ear rods.

NOTICE

Porion position reference indicator enables the operator to easily identify the position of the porion on the image.

B. Guide the patient to the CEPH unit.



C. Ask the patient to stand upright.

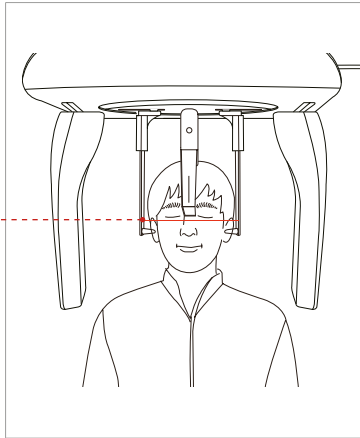
Make sure that the patient's shoulders are level and that their neck is relaxed.

D. Adjust the height of the unit to suit the patient by pressing the column up/down button or switch (optional).

ⓘ CAUTION

After adjusting the height of the column to suit the patient, fit the ear rods along the patient's ear canals and adjust the nasal positioner.

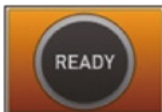
Frankfurt plane



E. The ear rods should fit properly along the patient's ear canals. The patient's Frankfurt Plane should be parallel to the floor.

F. Position the nasal positioner on the patient's Nasion point. The height of nasal positioner can be adjusted.

G. Ask the patient to swallow saliva and remain still with his/her mouth closed until X-Ray exposure is complete.



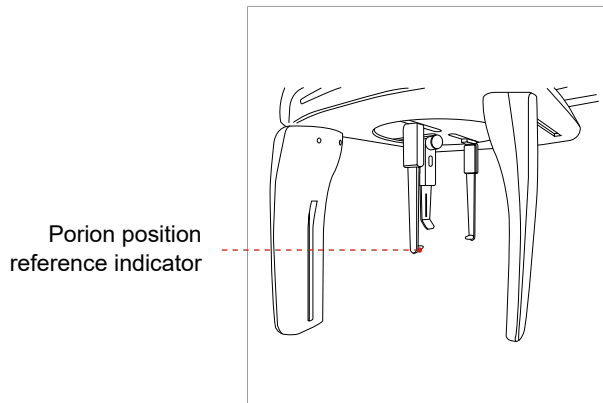
H. Click the **Ready** button after the patient has been properly positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point. The CEPH sensor and the 2nd collimator will enter positioning mode.

I. Proceed to section **7.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure**.

7.2.2 Frontal Mode (PA)

Follow the procedure below to correctly position the patient.

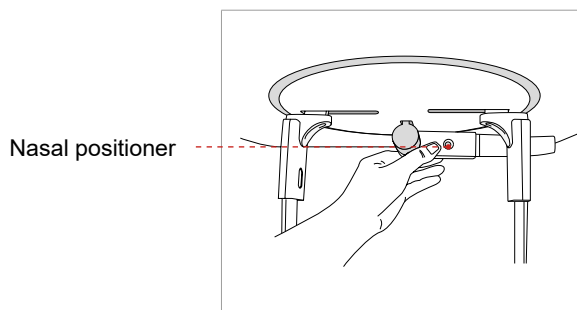
A. Turn the ear rods 90° clockwise from their initial position.



B. Widen the distance between the two ear rods.

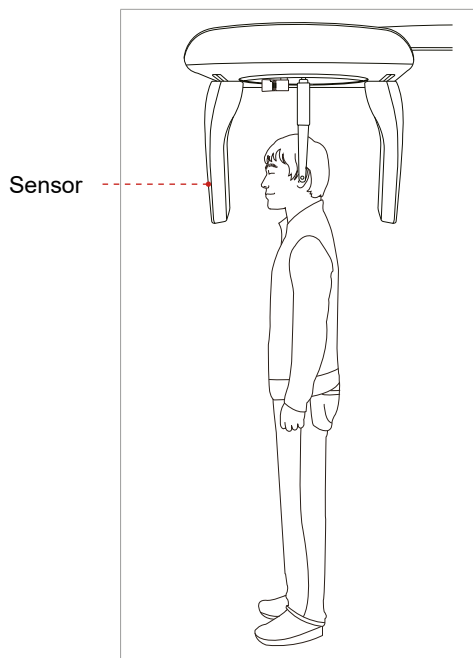
NOTICE

Porion position reference indicator enables the operator to easily identify the position of the porion on the image.



C. The nasal positioner should be flipped to the side and upward to prevent it from obstructing the image acquisition.

D. Guide the patient to the CEPH unit.



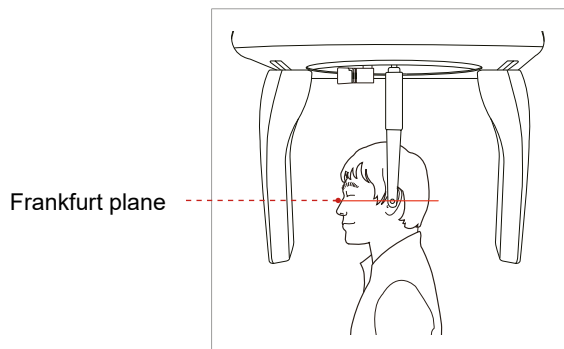
E. Ask the patient to stand upright facing the sensor.

Make sure that the patient's shoulders are level and that his/her neck is relaxed.

F. Adjust the height of the unit to suit the patient by pressing the column up/down button or switch (optional).

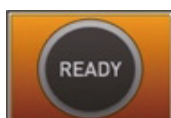
ⓘ CAUTION

After adjusting the column to the patient's height, fit the ear rods along the patient's ear canals.



G. The ear rods should fit properly along the patient's ear canals. The patient's Frankfurt Plane should be parallel to the floor.

H. Ask the patient to swallow saliva and remain still with his/her mouth closed until X-Ray exposure is complete.



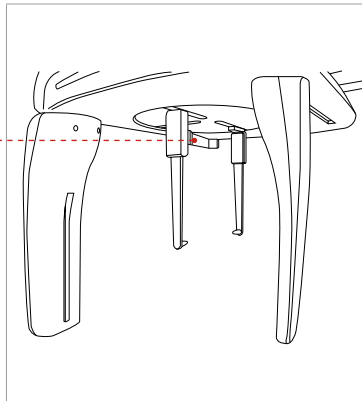
I. Click the **Ready** button after the patient has been positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point. The CEPH sensor and the 2nd collimator will enter capturing mode.

J. Proceed to section 7.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure.

7.2.3 SMV Mode

Follow the procedure below to prepare and position the patient.

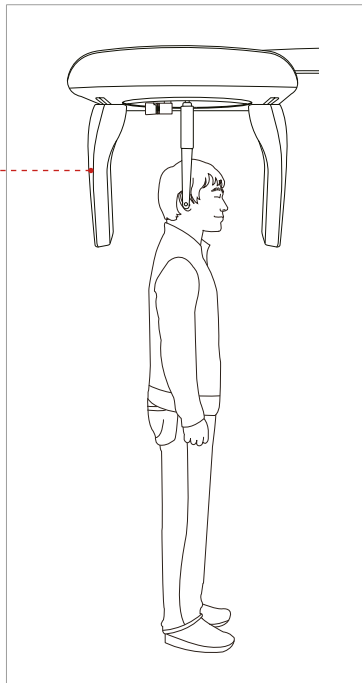
Nasal positioner



A. Widen the distance between the two ear rods.

B. The nasal positioner should be flipped to the side and up to prevent it from obstructing the image acquisition.

Sensor



C. Guide the patient to the CEPH unit.

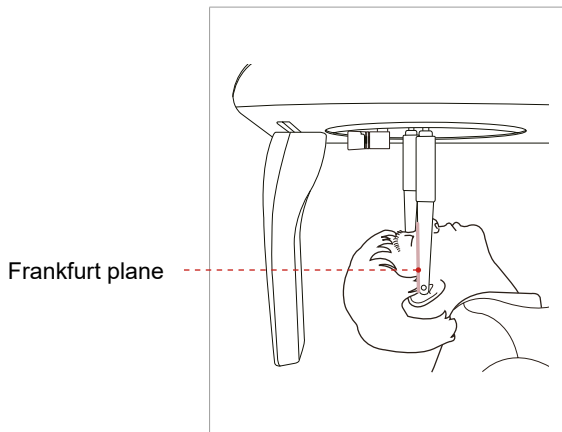
D. Ask the patient to stand upright facing the secondary collimator.

Make sure that the patient's shoulders are level and that his/her neck is relaxed.

E. Adjust the height of the unit to suit the patient by pressing the column up/down button or switch (optional).

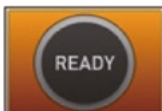


After adjusting the column to suit the height of the patient, fit the ear rods along the patient's ear canals.



F. Place the ear rods along the patient's ear canals. Make sure that the ear rods are comfortably, yet firmly in place.

G. Gently tilt the patient's head back until his/her Frankfurt plane is perpendicular to the floor, as shown below.

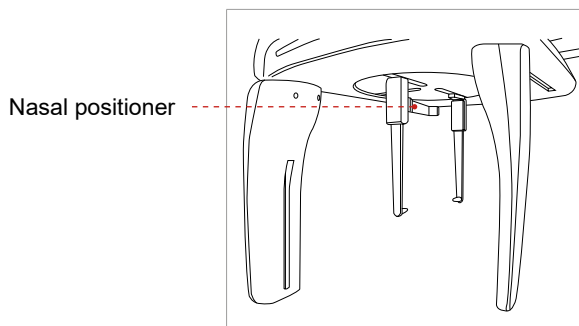


H. Click the **Ready** button after the patient has been properly positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point. The CEPH sensor and the 2nd collimator will enter positioning mode.

I. Proceed to section **7.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure**.

7.2.4 Waters View Mode

Follow the procedure below to prepare and position the patient for Waters View mode image acquisition.



A. Widen the distance between the two ear rods.

B. The nasal positioner should be flipped to the side and up to prevent it from obstructing the image acquisition.

C. Guide the patient to the CEPH unit.

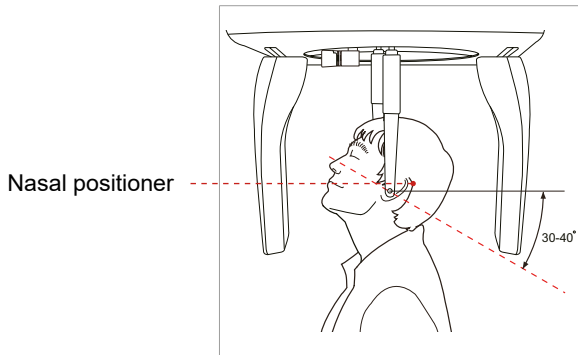
D. Ask the patient to stand upright facing the sensor. Make sure that the patient's shoulders are level and that his/her neck is relaxed.

E. Adjust the height of the unit to suit the patient by pressing the column up/down button or switch (optional).

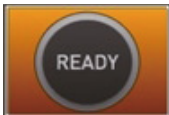


After adjusting the column to suit the height of the patient, fit the ear rods along the patient's ear canals.

F. Place the ear rods along the patient's ear canals. Make sure that the ear rods are comfortably, yet firmly, in place.



G. Ask the patient to swallow saliva and tilt his/her neck back 35° - 40° with the mouth closed until X-Ray exposure is complete.

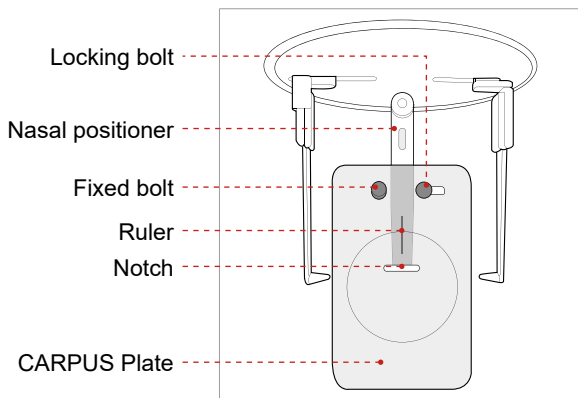


H. Click the **Ready** button after the patient has been properly positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point. The CEPH sensor and the 2nd collimator will move to capturing mode.

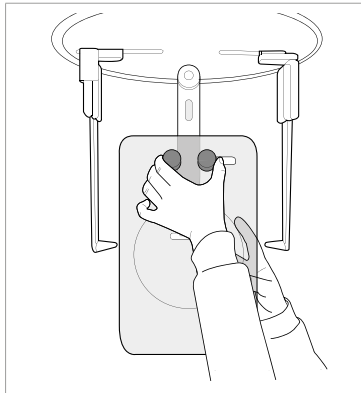
I. Proceed to section 7.4: Initiating X-Ray Exposure.

7.2.5 CARPUS Mode

Attaching the CARPUS plate



A. Match the notch on the CARPUS plate to the end of the nasal positioner.

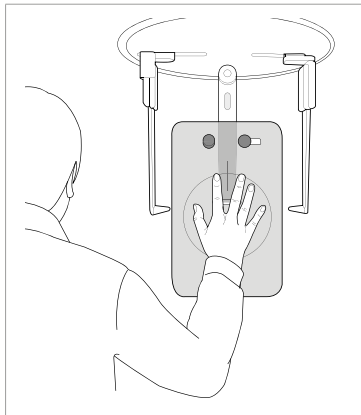


B. Slide the CARPUS plate onto the nasal positioner.

C. Slide the locking bolt on the CARPUS plate towards the nasal positioner and turn it to secure the CARPUS plate in place.

D. Ensure that the CARPUS plate is firmly in place.

Positioning the Patient

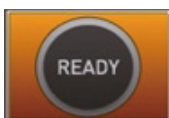


A. Ask the patient to put his/her right-hand flat on the CARPUS plate. It is important to ensure that the patient does not bend his/her fingers.

B. Have the patient close their eyes and remain still until scanning is complete.



Ask the patient not to block the ruler on the nasal positioner by his / her fingers. It could deteriorate image quality.



C. Click the **Ready** button after the patient has been properly positioned. No X-Ray will be emitted at this point.

D. Proceed to section 7.4: **Initiating X-Ray exposure.**

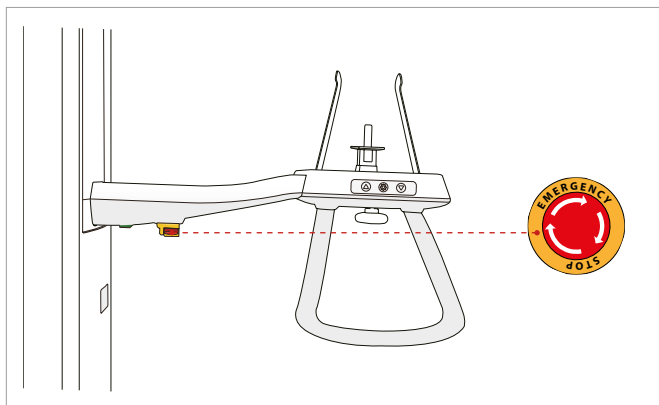
7.3 Initiating X-Ray Exposure

The X-Ray exposure method and process is the same for all CEPH modes. The example and images below are taken from an X-Ray performed in **CEPH Lateral mode**.

If a problem occurs during image acquisition, press the red emergency stop button to immediately stop all moving parts and cut off the power to the equipment's electrical components. You may then proceed to release the patient safely from the equipment.

To reset the emergency button, turn it clockwise until it pops up.

WARNING



WARNING

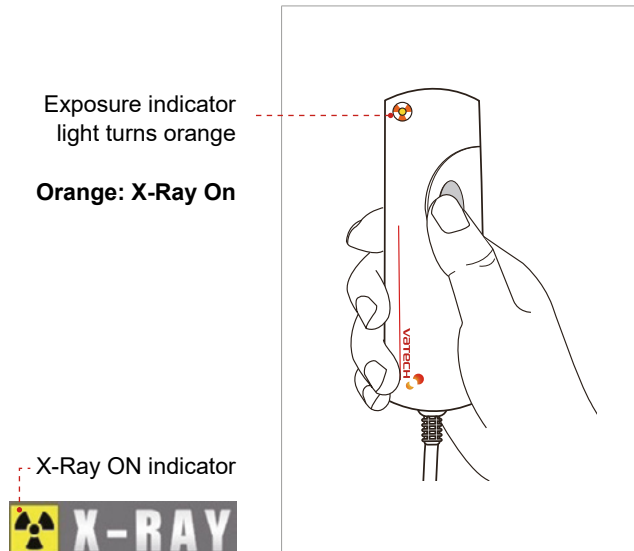
- Do not operate the PC during exposure. Failure to comply with this instruction may cause the system to malfunction.
- The operator shall observe the X-Ray safety regulations applicable to their area at all times during the operation of this equipment.

CAUTION

If an emergency occurs during image acquisition, release the exposure switch to cease X-Ray emission.

A. Leave the X-Ray room and close the door. The operator must maintain visual contact with the patient at all times during image acquisition.

B. Press and hold down exposure switch until the image is acquired.



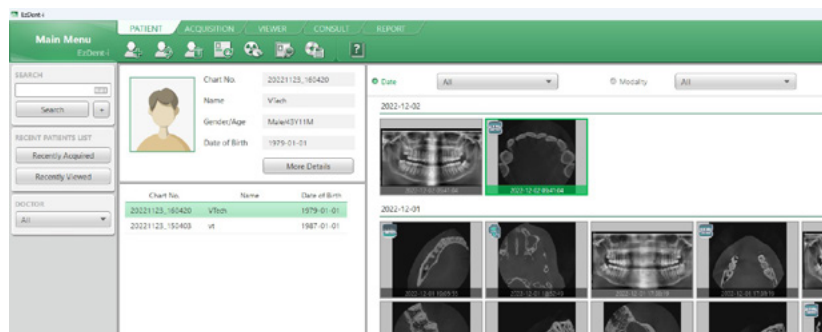
During X-Ray irradiation, ensure that:

- The LED lamp on top of the equipment turns orange to indicate X-Ray emission.
- The warning lamp outside the X-Ray room turns on.
- The sound (beep or music: optional) goes off.
- The radiation symbol on the upper left corner of GUI turns yellow to indicate X-rays are being emitted.

The image appears in real time on the imaging GUI.

C. Click the **Save** button to save the acquired image. If automatic save has been selected as a default setting, the image will be saved automatically.

D. The captured image will be automatically transferred to **EzDent-i**. Clicking the patient's name in the patient list after imaging will refresh the image list for that patient. The patient's most recent image will appear on the far left of the thumbnail image pane.



E. Double-click on the image to enlarge it for viewing or to check its quality.

After Image Acquisition

After the image has been acquired, perform the following tasks:

- Fold away the nasal positioner.
- Loosen the ear rod supports and remove them from the patient's ears.
- Release the patient.

8

Troubleshooting

8. Troubleshooting

If a problem occurs while operating this equipment, perform the corresponding troubleshooting measure outlined in the table below. If the problem persists, please contact our customer support staffs.

- If the device is not moving

Cause	Solution
Power failure	Check the equipment's power supply.
Initialization status	Wait until the equipment has initialized and then try again.
Control PC connection failure	Check the connection status of Serial Port (RS232) which connects the PC to the equipment.

- If the exposure switch is not functioning

Cause	Solution
Ready status	Check whether it is ready for capturing the imaging program.

- If imaging cannot be performed

Cause	Solution
Initialization status	Wait until the equipment has initialized and then try again. If this problem persists, restart the equipment.

- If the laser beam has shut off and patient alignment cannot be performed

Cause	Solution
The time allotted for patient alignment has expired	Press the laser beam button to turn on the lasers and then carry out patient alignment.



WARNING

- Do not allow any liquids in the vicinity of the machine as moisture may cause extensive damage to this equipment's electrical components.

- If a severe problem occurs during image acquisition, press the red emergency stop button to immediately stop all moving parts and cut off all power to the equipment's electrical components. You may then safely release the patient from the equipment.

9

Cleaning and Maintenance

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9. Cleaning and Maintenance




Always turn off the power of the equipment and disconnect it from the power outlet before cleaning.

9.1 Cleaning

- Thoroughly clean areas of the equipment which come into contact with the patient, such as the handle frame, chin support and bite block.
- Do not use spray cleaners or solvents as they could enter the equipment and damage to the electrical components or cause a fire.
- Do not use abrasive liquids such as acetone, gas, or oil, which could corrode the surface of the equipment.
- Do not use cleaning products which contain silicon as they could potentially damage the equipment's electrical components.

The following table summarizes the standard cleaning procedures to be performed by the operator.

Accessories	Cleaning Process
Bite block	
Temple support	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Remove all visible soil with a paper wipe or disposable cloth. - Gently wipe the target areas clean using a soft cloth dampened with a cleaning product.
Chin support (Chinrest)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Dry the components or accessories with a paper wipe or clean & dry cloth until no liquid is left.
All components that come into contact with the patient or operator	

Accessories	Cleaning Process
Computer and peripherals	Clean the components following the manufacturer's instructions in the accompanying manual.
Outer covers of equipment	Wipe the covers with a dry cloth once a day.
	 Do not use cleaning agents in aerosol or spray form directly on the surface of the equipment.

9.2 Maintenance

VATECH requires periodic constancy tests to ensure image quality and the safety of the patient and operator.

Only VATECH authorized technicians can perform inspection and service of this equipment. For the technical assistance, contact VATECH service center or your local VATECH representative.

Maintenance Task Checklist

Maintenance Tasks	Maintenance period
Before the operation, ensure that the equipment is clean and ready for use. Make sure that all parts which come into contact with the patient have been disinfected and cleaned.	Daily
After using the equipment, make sure that the main power switch has been turned off.	Daily
Ensure that the equipment is firmly plugged into a dedicated power source.	Daily
Ensure that the plug and power cord are not hot.	Daily
Confirm that the orange (exposure) indicator lamp turns on when the exposure switch is pressed. Ensure that the orange (exposure) indicator light remains on for the entire duration of the exposure.	Daily

Maintenance Tasks	Maintenance period
Ensure that the power cable is not kinked, broken, exposed and that it is free of all other defects.	Weekly
Confirm that activating the emergency stop button ceases the unit's operation. Pressing the emergency stop button should stop all equipment movements and X-Ray emission.	Weekly
Ensure that all visible labels are intact and legible.	Monthly
Check for possible wear or damage to the exposure switch cable.	Monthly
Confirm that the audio message is audible throughout the duration of the exposure.	Monthly

10

Disposing of the Unit

10. Disposing of the Unit

In order to reduce environmental contamination, this equipment is designed to be as safe as possible to use and dispose of. Many components of this equipment, except for some like X-Ray tube, are environment-friendly and can be recycled.

All parts and components which contain hazardous materials must be disposed in accordance with disposal regulations. (IEC 60601-1 6.8.2 j)

Part	Material	Recyclable	Waste Disposal Site	Hazardous waste; Needs Separate Collection
Frame and covers	Aluminum and plastics	●		
Motors		●		
Circuit boards		●		
Cables and transformer	Copper	●		
	Steel	●		
	Oil		●	
Packing	Wood	●		
	Cardboard	●		
	Paper	●		
X-Ray tube				●
Sensor head	Return the sensor head to VATECH			
Other parts			●	

NOTICE

Please observe all regulations relevant to the disposal of waste in your country.

WARNING

This dental equipment shall not be disposed of as domestic garbage materials.

IMPORTANT

Please clean, disinfect and sterilize the equipment before disassembling it and disposing of its parts.

Technical Specifications

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11.4	Environmental Specifications	120

11. Technical Specifications

11.1 Mechanical Specifications

A. Image Magnification

Mode	FDD (mm)	FOD (mm)	ODD (mm)	Magnification
PANO	490.3	375.5	114.8	1.3 constant
CEPH	1,745	1,524	221	1.14 constant

FDD : Focal Spot to Detector Distance

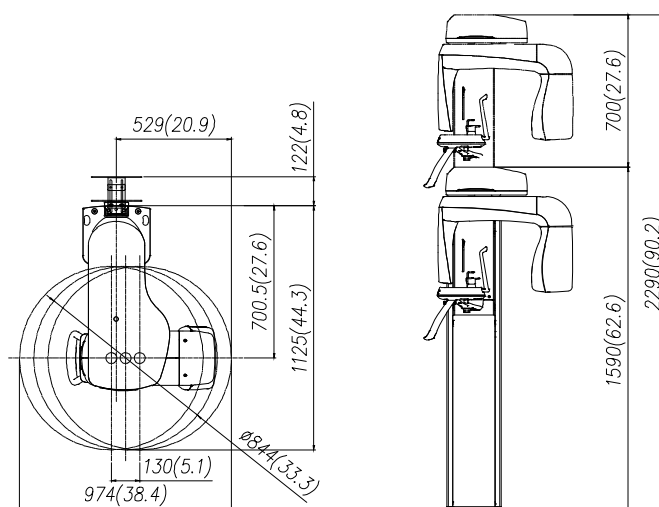
FOD : Focal Spot to Object Distance

ODD : Object to Detector Distance (ODD = FDD - FOD)

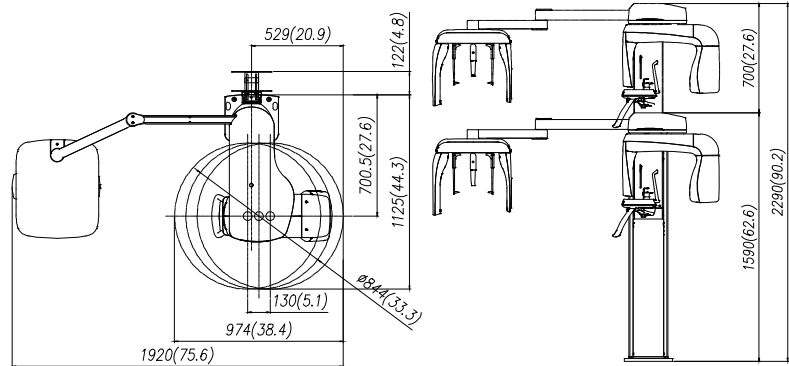
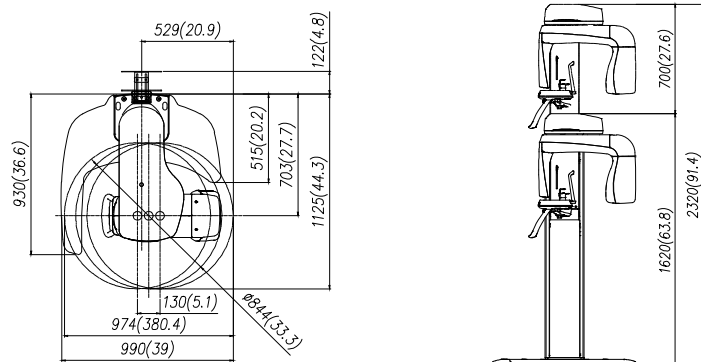
Magnification = FDD / FOD

B. Dimension

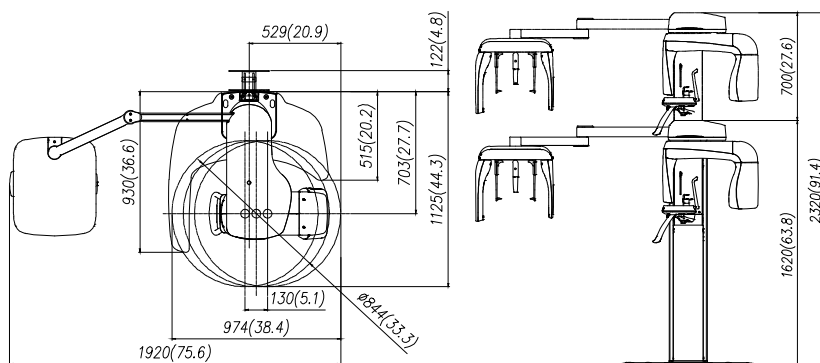
- Without Cephalometric Unit & Non-Base type



[Unit: mm (Inches)]

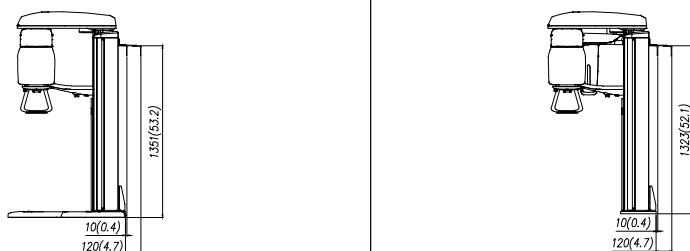
- With Cephalometric Unit & Non-Base type**[Unit: mm (Inches)]****- Without Cephalometric Unit & Base type****[Unit: mm (Inches)]**

- With Cephalometric Unit & Base type



[Unit: mm (Inches)]

- Common Dimension(Non-Base type) - Common Dimension(Base type)



[Unit: mm (Inches)]

Item		Description
Weight (kg)	Without CEPH unit	90 (198.4 lbs)
		With base: 137 (302 lbs)
	With CEPH unit (Scan type)	120 (264.5 lbs)
		With base: 167 (368.1 lbs)
	With CEPH unit (One-shot type)	130 (286.6 lbs)
		With base: 177 (390.2 lbs)
Total height (mm)		Max. 2320 (91.34 in.)
Vertical column movement (mm)		Max. 700 (Max. 27.56 in.)
Length x Width x Height (mm)	Without CEPH unit	990(L) x 1,247(W) x 2,320(H) mm (38.98(L) x 49.10(W) x 91.34(H) in.)
	With CEPH unit (Scan Type)	1,920(L) x 1,247(W) x 2,320(H) mm (75.19(L) x 49.10(W) x 91.34(H) in.)
	With CEPH unit (One-shot Type)	1,930(L) x 1,247(W) x 2,320(H) mm (75.98(L) x 49.10(W) x 91.34(H) in.)
Type of installation		Base Stand / Wall Mount

* Column Height Limiting Function -> 2300~2000 (Adjustable in 10 mm)

11.2 Technical Specifications

X-Ray Generator

Item			Description
Model			HDG-07B10T2
Rated output power			0.9 KW
High voltage generator	Type		40 KHz Inverter Type
	Normal/ Pulse	kV	50 ~ 90
		mA	4 ~ 10
	Cooling		Automatically controlled / Protect ≥ 60 °C Air Cooling : Optional

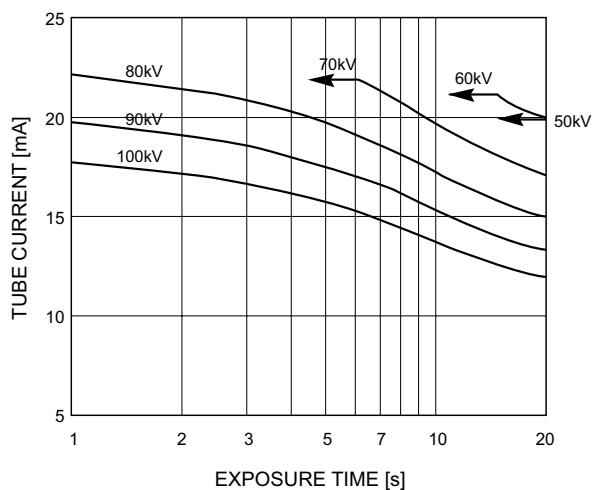
	Item	Description
X-Ray Tube	Total filtration	2.8 mm Al eq.
	Manufacturer	Canon Electron Tubes & Devices
	Model	D-052SB(Stationary Anode Type)
	Focal spot size	0.5 mm (IEC60336)
	Target Angle	5 °
	Inherent Filtration	At least 0.8 mm Al eq. at 50 kV
	X- ray Coverage	95 x 380 mm at SID 550 mm
	Anode Heat Content	35 kJ
	Duty Cycle	1:60 or more (Exposure time : interval time)

Maximum Rating Charts

DC (Center Grounded)

Constant potential high-voltage generator

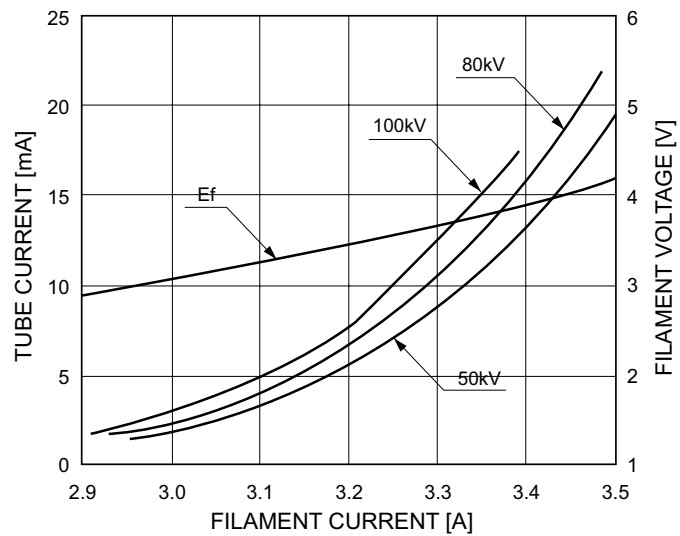
Nominal Focus Spot Value: 0.5



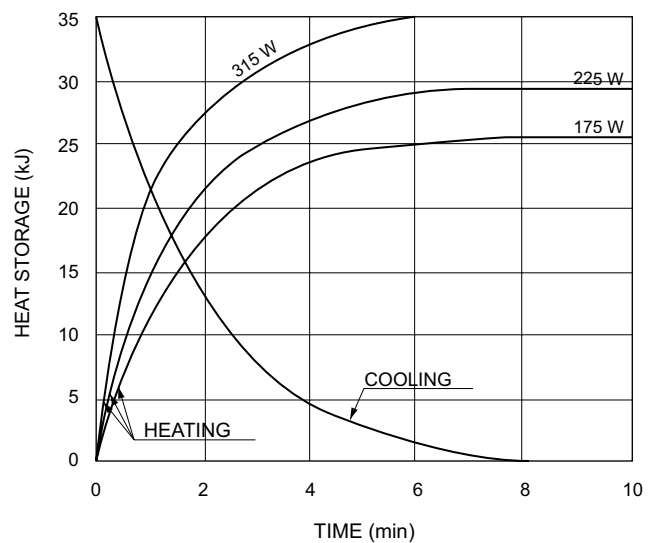
Emission & Filament Characteristics

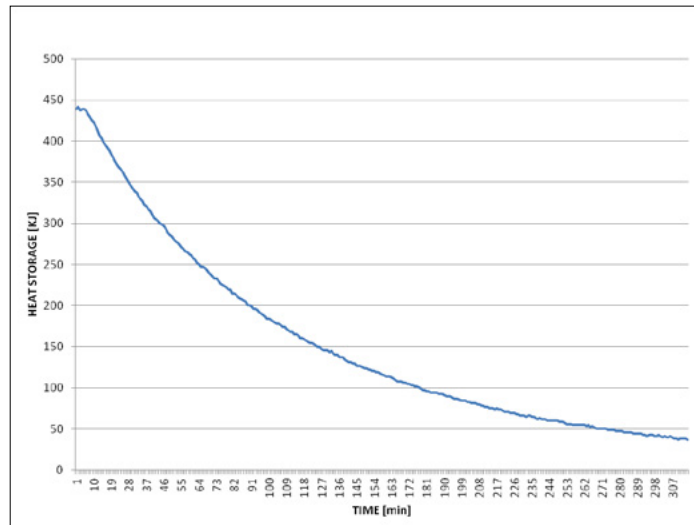
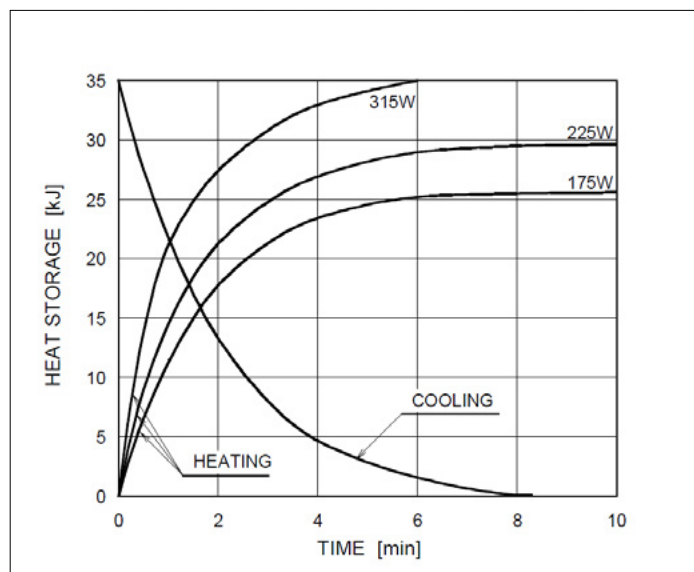
Constant potential high-voltage generator

Nominal Focus Spot Value: 0.5



Anode Thermal Characteristics



Tube Housing Assembly Thermal Characteristics**Tude Anode Thermal Characteristics**

Detector Specifications

Item	Description		
	PANO	CEPH (optional)	
Model	Xmaru1501CF	Xmaru2301CF	1210SGA
Detector Type	CMOS photodiode array		Amorphous silicon TFT with a scintillator
Pixel size (μm)	100		127
Active area (mm)	6 x 150.4	5.9 x 230.4	264 x 325
Frame Rate	300 fps	200 fps	240 fph
Sensor size (mm)	175.4 x 86 x 21.6	251.2 x 69 x 27.1	402 x 364 x 32
A/D (bits)	14		

11.3 Electrical Specifications

Item	Description
Power supply voltage	AC 100 - 120 V / 200 - 240 V - AC 110 V / 230 V (European Union or The rest countries) - AC 100 V (Japan) - AC 110 V (Taiwan) - AC 120 V (USA / Canada) - AC 220 V (China) - AC 240 V (Australia)
Frequency	50 / 60 Hz (Single)
Power rating	Max.2.0 kVA

- The input line voltage depends on the local electrical distribution system.
- Allowable input voltage fluctuation requirement: $\pm 10\%$.

11.4 Environmental Specifications

Item		Description
During operating	Temperature	10 ~ 35 °C
	Relative humidity	30 ~75 %
	Atmospheric pressure	860 ~ 1060 hPa
Transport and storage	Temperature	-10 ~ 60 °C
	Relative humidity	10 ~ 75 % non condensing
	Atmospheric pressure	860 ~ 1060 hPa

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1. Recommended X-Ray Exposure Table

A. PANO mode

Scan Time Mode: UHD / HD

Gender / Figure	Hard (kVp / mA)	Normal (kVp / mA)	Soft (kVp / mA)
Man	74 / 10	73 / 10	72 / 10
Woman	73 / 10	72 / 10	71 / 10
Child	68 / 8	67 / 8	66 / 8

Scan Time Mode: Normal

Gender / Figure	Hard (kVp / mA)	Normal (kVp / mA)	Soft (kVp / mA)
Man	74 / 8	73 / 8	72 / 8
Woman	73 / 8	72 / 8	71 / 8
Child	68 / 8	67 / 8	66 / 8

B. CEPH mode

Lateral

Figure Gender	Hard (kVp / mA)		Normal (kVp / mA)		Soft (kVp / mA)	
Sensor Type	One-shot	Scan	One-shot	Scan	One-shot	Scan
Man	90 / 10	86 / 10	90 / 10	85 / 10	89 / 10	84 / 10
Woman	90 / 10	85 / 10	90 / 10	84 / 10	89 / 10	83 / 10
Child	86 / 10	81 / 10	85 / 10	80 / 10	85 / 10	80 / 9

PA / SMV / Waters View

Figure Gender	Hard (kVp / mA)		Normal (kVp / mA)		Soft (kVp / mA)		
	Sensor Type	One-shot	Scan	One-shot	Scan	One-shot	Scan
Man		90 / 10	88 / 10	90 / 10	87 / 10	89 / 10	86 / 10
Woman		90 / 10	87 / 10	90 / 10	86 / 10	89 / 10	85 / 10
Child		86 / 10	83 / 10	85 / 10	82 / 10	84 / 10	81 / 10

Carpus

Gender / Figure	Hard (kVp / mA)	Normal (kVp / mA)	Soft (kVp / mA)
Man / Woman / Child	60 / 6	60 / 5	60 / 4

NOTICE

- Maximally allowed tube voltage / current: kVp \pm 10 % / mA \pm 20 % according to IEC60601-2-7.
- Due to image optimization performed prior to shipping, equipment data may differ slightly from those specified in the table.

2. X-Ray Dose Data

The X-Ray dose data is extracted from the X-Ray Dose Test Report for the PaX-i.

X-Ray Dose Test Report for the PaX-i maintains dosimetric evaluation of VATECH dental diagnostic system meets all requirements specified in the IEC Collateral Standard. To limit unnecessary exposure to the patient, operator or other staff, the PaX-i is designed to comply with IEC 60601-1-3 Part 1 General Requirements for Safety.

Test Condition	
Model (Brand Name)	PCH-2500 (PaX-i)
Sensor type	PANO: Xmaru 1501CF CEPH: Xmaru 2301CF
Tube type / Inverter type	EXG9

2.1 DAP Table

Testing Equipment			
Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	S/N
Dose Meter	Piranha	255	CB2-08050121

Mode Tested: PANO HD Normal, 13.5 s						
mA kVp	4		5		8	
	[mGy]	[mGy · cm2]	[mGy]	[mGy · cm2]	[mGy]	[mGy · cm2]
60	5.01	33.5	7.79	52.0	10.26	68.4
70	7.12	47.5	10.41	69.5	13.72	91.6
80	9.06	60.5	13.26	88.5	17.48	116.7
90	11.12	74.2	16.28	108.7	21.45	143.1

Mode Tested: CEPH PA, 12.94 s						
mA kVp	4		5		8	
	[mGy]	[mGy · cm ²]	[mGy]	[mGy · cm ²]	[mGy]	[mGy · cm ²]
60	0.39	4.66	0.57	6.84	0.73	8.85
70	0.51	6.14	0.75	9.05	0.98	11.80
80	0.65	7.88	0.96	11.57	1.25	15.11
90	0.80	9.68	1.18	14.30	1.55	18.78

2.2 X-ray Leakage Dose

Test Equipment Information			
Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	S / N
Dose Meter	Victoreen	660	101114/101377

Test Condition

Test mode	Detector	kVp	mA	sec
PANO (HD, Adult)	Xmaru 1501CF	90	10	13.5
PANO (HD, Child)				11.5
CEPH (Scan type)	Xmaru 2301CF	90	10	12.9
CEPH (One-shot type)	1210SGA			0.9

Mode Direction [°]	PANO (HD, Adult)	PANO (HD, Child)	CEPH (Scan type)	CEPH (One-shot type)
	[mR/hr]			
0	15.2	15.9	15.1	16.7
45	20.1	17.6	18.5	21.2
90	40.5	33.2	37.3	34.3
100	67.8	66.8	68.9	71.2
110	61.1	19.3	34.5	39.5

Mode Direction [°]	PANO (HD, Adult)	PANO (HD, Child)	CEPH (Scan type)	CEPH (One-shot type)
	[mR/hr]			
120	23.8	15.5	25.1	30.4
130	17.4	15.0	20.6	26.6
140	17.3	16.2	17.6	30.2
150	18.5	17.0	22.1	33.7
160	21.2	17.5	23.5	67.8
170	23.0	16.7	25.5	36.8
180	6.1	4.7	5.2	19.9
190	16.4	10.8	16.9	26.9
200	20.7	18.2	23.7	30.6
210	50.7	13.3	15.6	29.3
220	74.8	12.9	11.2	26.8
230	70.6	11.3	10.1	21.5
240	60.1	11.7	11.8	16.0
250	35.1	17.5	12.9	12.8
260	19.2	11.9	11.3	14.2
270	12.9	10.9	10.6	11.3
315	10.3	8.0	9.0	10.4

2.3 X-Ray Scatter Dose

Test Equipment Information			
Instrument	Manufacturer	Model	S / N
Dose Meter	Victoreen	660	101114 / 101377

PANO Mode

Test Condition	
Mode Tested	PANO UHD
Distance from focal point [m]	1
Applied Tube Voltage Peak [kVp]	90
Applied Tube Current [mA]	10

Mode Direction [°]	PANO UHD, 16.6 s [mR/hr]		
	1 m (3.3 ft)	1.5 m (4.9 ft)	2 m (6.6 ft)
0	15.3	9.76	2.32
45	35.3	22.9	16.5
90	70.6	40.8	21.8
135	387	237	106
180	408	266	114

Mode Direction [°]	PANO UHD, 16.6 s [mR/hr]		
	1 m (3.3 ft)	1.5 m (4.9 ft)	2 m (6.6 ft)
225	166	63.9	38.8
270	29.5	13.4	7.74
315	19.6	10.1	6.33

3. Electromagnetic Compatibility (EMC) Information

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic emissions.

The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emissions test	Compliance	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
RF emissions CISPR 11	Group 1	The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) uses RF energy only for its internal function. Therefore, its RF emissions are very low and are not likely to cause any interference in nearby electronic equipment.
RF emissions CISPR 11	Class A (The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) in combination with the shielded location)	The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) must be used only in a shielded location with a minimum RF shielding effectiveness and, for each cable that exits the shielded location, a minimum RF filter attenuation of 20 dB from 30 MHz to 230 MHz, 20 dB from 230 MHz to 1 GHz. The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) , when installed in such a shielded location, is suitable for use in all establishments other than domestic, and may be used in domestic establishments and those directly connected to the public low-voltage power supply network that supplies buildings used for domestic purposes.
Harmonic emissions IEC 61000-3-2	Not applicable	
Voltage fluctuations / flicker emissions IEC 61000-3-3	Not applicable	

NOTE) It is essential that the actual RF shielding effectiveness and filter attenuation of the shielded location be verified to ensure that they meet or exceed the specified minimum values.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic immunity

The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) should assure that it is used in such an environment.

Emissions test	Compliance	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment -guidance
Electrostatic discharge (ESD) IEC 61000-4-2	± 6 k V Contact ± 8 kV air	± 6 k V Contact ± 8 kV air	Floors should be wood, concrete or ceramic tile. If floors are covered with synthetic material, the relative humidity should be at least 30 %.
Electrical fast transient/burst IEC 61000-4-4	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	± 2 kV for power supply lines ± 1 kV for input/output lines	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Surge IEC 61000-4-5	± 1 kV line(s) to line(s) ± 2 kV line(s) to earth	± 1 kV line(s) to line(s) ± 2 kV line(s) to earth	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment.
Voltage dips, short interruptions and voltage variations on power supply input lines IEC 61000-4-11	< 5 % UT (> 95 % dip in UT) for 0.5cycle 40 % UT (60 % dip in UT) for 5 cycle, 6 cycle 70 % UT (30 % dip in UT) for 25 cycle, 30 cycle < 5 % UT (< 95 % dip in UT) for 5 s	< 5 % UT (> 95 % dip in UT) for 0.5cycle 40 % UT (60 % dip in UT) for 5 cycle, 6 cycle 70 % UT (30 % dip in UT) for 25 cycle, 30 cycle < 5 % UT (< 95 % dip in UT) for 5 s	Mains power quality should be that of a typical commercial or hospital environment. If the user of the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) image intensifier requires continued operation during power mains interruptions, it is recommended that the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) be powered from an uninterruptible power supply.

Power frequency (50/60 Hz) magnetic field IEC 61000-4-8	3 A/m	3 A/m	Power frequency magnetic fields should be at levels characteristic of a typical location in a typical commercial or hospital environment.
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NOTE) UT is the a.c. mains voltage prior to application of the test level.

Guidance and manufacturer's declaration - electromagnetic immunity

The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) is intended for use in the electromagnetic environment specified below. The customer or the user of the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) should assure that it is used in such an electromagnetic environment

Immunity test	IEC 60601 test level	Compliance level	Electromagnetic environment - guidance
Conducted RF IEC 61000-4-6 Radiated RF IEC 61000-4-3	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80MHz 3 V / m 80 MHz to 2.5GHz	3 Vrms 150 kHz to 80 MHz 3 V / m 80 MHz to 2.5 GHz	The model PaX-i(PCH-2500) must be used only in a shielded location with a minimum RF shielding effectiveness and, for each cable that exits the shielded location, a minimum RF filter attenuation of 20 dB from 30 MHz to 230 MHz, 20 dB from 230 MHz to 1 GHz. Field strengths outside the shielded location from fixed RF transmitters, as determined by an electromagnetic site survey, should be less than 3 V / m. Interference may occur in the vicinity of equipment marked with the following symbol:

NOTE 1) These guidelines may not apply in all situations. Electromagnetic propagation is affected by absorption and reflection from structures, objects and people.

NOTE 2) It is essential that the actual shielding effectiveness and filter attenuation of the shielded location be verified to assure that they meet the minimum specification.

Field strengths from fixed transmitters, such as base stations for radio (cellular/cordless) telephones and land mobile radios, amateur radio, AM and FM radio broadcast and TV broadcast cannot be predicted theoretically with accuracy. To assess the electromagnetic environment due to fixed RF transmitters, an electromagnetic site survey should be considered. If the measured field strength outside the shielded location in which the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) is used exceeds 3V/m, the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) should be observed to verify normal operation. If abnormal performance is observed, additional measures may be necessary, such as relocating the model PaX-i(PCH-2500) or using a shielded location with a higher RF shielding effectiveness and filter attenuation.

4. Acquiring image for the pediatric dental patient

4.1 Age group: classification table

Ages are classified loosely into the following correspondence between FDA definition and one used in this manual.

Age Group	FDA	VATECH's Standard
Infant	1 month to 2 years	Child
Child/Children	2 ~ 12 years of age	
Adolescent	12 ~16 years of age	Adult
Other	16 ~ 21 years of age	
Adult	> 21 years of age	
The weak		The weak: >60 years of age

4.2 Positioning the pediatric dental patient

Use a cotton roll to fill in missing primary teeth or partially erupted permanent teeth. Adapt adult recommendation for the direction of laser light beam guide for use with primary teeth. Observe laser light beam guide on both the right and left sides.

1. Use laser light beam guide to locate mid-sagittal plane. Direct the patient focus to mirror reflection. Affix decal to mirror to aid the patient in maintaining the correct position throughout the exposure.
2. Move chinrest into a position that is slightly higher than the patient's chin height before requesting that the patient place chin on the rest. Direct the patient to assume a position that resembles the erect stance of a soldier.

3. Direct the patient to stick out the chest while dropping the chin down. While holding the unit handles for stability, direct the patient to take a half step in toward the vertical column of the X-Ray device into a position that feels as if he/she is slightly leaning backward.
4. Direct the patient to the lips closed around the bite block during the exposure.
5. Direct the patient to swallow and note the flat position of the tongue. Request that the patient suck in the cheeks, pushing the tongue into the correct flat position against the palate and maintain this position throughout the exposure.

4.3 Setting exposure values to the age group

For more information about this topic, refer to the Appendices 13.1 Recommended X-Ray Exposure Table.

4.4 The references pertinent to the potential risks for the pediatric patients

1. I. ESPELID, I. MEJÅRE, K. WEERHEIJM: EAPD guidelines for use of radiographs in children, P40-48. European Journal of Pediatric Dentistry 1/2003

Guidelines in dental radiology are designed to avoid unnecessary exposure to X-radiation and to identify individuals who may benefit from a radiographic examination. Every prescription of radiographs should be based on an evaluation of the individual patient benefit. Due to the relatively high frequency of caries among 5-year-old children, it is recommended to consider dental radiography for each child even without any visible caries or restorations. Furthermore, radiography should be considered at 8-9 years of age and then at 12-14, that is 1-2 years after the eruption of premolars and second molars. Additional bitewing controls should be based on an overall assessment of the caries activity/risk. The high-risk patient should be examined radiographically annually, while a 2-3 years interval should be considered when caries activity/risk is low. A routine survey by radiographs, except for caries, has not been shown to provide sufficient information to be justified considering the balance between cost (radiation and resources) and benefit.

2. MICHAEL L. TAYLOR, B.SC. TOMAS KRON, PH.D., AND RICK D. FRANICH, PH.D.: ASSESSMENT OF OUT-OF-FIELD DOSES IN RADIOTHERAPY OF BRAIN LESIONS IN CHILDREN, *Int. J. Radiation Oncology Biol. Phys.*, Vol. -, No. -, pp. 1–7, 2010

To characterize the out-of-field doses in pediatric radiotherapy and to identify simple methods by which out-of-field dose might be minimized, with a view to reducing the risk of secondary cancers

Out-of-field doses to pediatric patients can be minimized by using simple treatment options, such as using the single-energy mode linear accelerator rather than the multimode, orienting the couch and collimator such that the patient lies along the x-plane and avoiding fields directed along the trunk of the body

3. C. THEODORAKOU, K. HORNER, K. HOWARD, A. WALKER: Pediatric organ and effective doses in dental cone beam computed tomography

Dental CBCT has been associated with higher radiation risk to the patients compared to conventional dental X-Ray imaging. Several studies have investigated the radiation doses involved in dental CBCT for adults but none has looked into pediatric doses. This study estimates the organ and effective doses to two pediatric tissue-equivalent phantoms using thermoluminescent dosimeters for three dental CBCT units and six imaging protocols. The doses to the thyroid, salivary glands and brain ranged from 0.068mSv to 1.131mSv, 0.708mSv to 2.009mSv and 0.031mSv to 1.584mSv respectively. The skin and red bone marrow have received much lower doses than the other three organs. The effective doses ranged from 0.022 mSv to 0.081 mSv. The effective doses calculated in this study were much higher than these of panoramic X-Ray imaging but lower than conventional CT

4. CHIYO YAMAUCHI-KAWAURA & KEISUKE FUJII & TAKAHIKO AOYAMA & SHUJI KOYAMA & MASATO YAMAUCHI: Radiation dose evaluation in the head and neck MDCT examinations with a 6-year-old child anthropomorphic phantom, *Pediatr Radiol* (2010) 40:1206–1214 DOI 10.1007/s00247-009-1495-z

Background: CT examinations of the head and neck are the most commonly performed CT studies in children, raising concern about radiation dose and their risks to children.

Objective: The purpose of this study was to clarify radiation dose levels for children of 6 years of age undergoing head and neck multi-detector CT (MDCT) examinations.

Materials and methods: Radiation doses were measured with small-sized silicon-photodiode dosimeters that were implanted at various tissue and organ positions within a standard 6-year-old anthropomorphic phantom. Organ and effective doses of brain CT were evaluated for 19 protocols in nine hospitals on various (2–320 detector rows) MDCT scanners.

Results: The maximum value of mean organ dose in brain CT was 34.3 mGy for the brain. Maximum values of mean doses for the radiosensitive a lens and thyroid were 32.7 mGy for lens in brain CT and 17.2 mGy for thyroid in neck CT. seventy-fifth percentile of effective dose distribution in brain CT was approximately the same as the diagnostic reference level (DRL) in the 2003 UK survey.

5. Abbreviations

AC	Alternating Current
AF	Auto-Focusing
CAN	Controlled Area Network
CMOS	Complementary Metal-Oxide-Semiconductor
DAP	Dose Area Product
DC	Direct Current
EMC	Electromagnetic Compatibility
ESD	ElectroStatic Discharge
FDD	Focal spot to Detector Distance
FOD	Focal spot to Object distance
FOV	Field of View
IEC	International Electro technical Commission
ISO	International Standards Organization
LED	Light-Emitting Diode
MPSO	Multiple Portable Socket-Outlet
ODD	Object to detector distance
PA	Posterior/Anterior
RF	Radio Frequency
ROI	Region of Interest
SID	Source to Image receptor Distance
SIP	Signal Input Part
SOP	Signal Output Part
SMV	Submento-Vertical
TMJ	Temporomandibular Joint
UHD	Ultra High Definition

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The CE symbol grants this product compliance to the European Directive for Medical Devices 93/42/EEC as amended by 2007/47/EC as a class II b device.



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